G M 1911

36 & 11

Sl. No. 123(9) 179, 185 & 186.

Budget estimates of the Mysore Economic Conference for the year 1912-13.

Previous references

File No. 36-11

1912

(Genl. Misc.)

Serial Nos.

Later reference

Jan 55-12

Jguly/13 Sl 304 G. 3109-12

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Serial Nos. 123(a), 179, 185 + 186

Part B. for August 1912

SUBJECT.

Budget Estimates of the Mysore Economic Conference for the year 1912-13

Sl. 123(a) From the Provisional Secretary Economic Conference No. 578 of 6-5-12. Forwards the Budget Estimates of the Conference for 1912-13.

179. To — Do — Chairmen of the three Committees Officer in charge of the Agricultural Chemist's Office No. G. 434-9 of 2 11.7.12

Sanctions a budget-grant of Rs. 1,46,000 for the Conference for 1912-13 and states that the Conference will have no authority to incur any expenditure in excess of the budget-grant without the sanction of Govt

185

G. R. S. 58

670

K. N. Krishnaswamy 8

185. From the Provisional Secy to C. No. 154 dt 2/3. 8-12

Forwards copies of letters Nos. 187, 188 dt 27. 7. 12 from the Secretary to the Committee for Industries and Commerce requesting sanction to the budget Estimates of the Special Advisers office for 1912-13 amounting to Rs. 21.147/- as well as to the purchase of two typewriters at a cost of Rs. 700/- etc.

186. To ——do——, Comptroller the Br W
+Chairman Industries & Commerce Committee
No. G. 903-5 dt 15. 8-12.

Accords sanction to the budget Estimates of the Special Adviser (referred to in the above) & to the purchase of two typewriters.

G.R.S. 11] 1911-12

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(G. M.)

NOTES.

File No. 36—11

FILE HEADING.

The Mysore Economic Conference
(Budget Estimates for 1912—13)

From

No. Dated Received

Diary No.	Enclos.	Spare Copies.	Serial No.

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER.

NOTES AND ORDERS.

NOTES—First Sheet.

GPB—30,000—12-8-11

G.R.S. 13.

Routine Notes.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

Orders are Solicited as to whether the Secretary to the Economic Conference should be requested to submit the budget estimates for 1912-13.

Hon 86
25/3/12
RR
25.3.12.

(2) Please consult Sir V. Thomas the terms of the Conference was fixed for one year only
25.3.12

To Mr. D.

(3) There is nothing, in the Order constituting the Conference (N. & S. 535/G. M. 36-11-7 of 21.7.11) or in the Order sanctioning the budget estimates of the Committees for 1911-12, to show that the Conference is to last only for ~~GPS 45,000—19-5-~~ year

Subd to Secretary

M

X. M.

X G. 843-7
G. M. 36-11-7 of 7.8.11

N. B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

G.R.S. 13]

Routine Notes.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

(4) I think the conference will have to go on for some years at any rate

The Secy may be asked to send up a budget estimate

Dewan 28/8/12

(5) A Budget may be called for for consideration in the usual course, in case the conference is to be continued

29 Aug

(6) Please write to Prof Secy

4/9/12

Issued
No. G. 5250.
2/3.9.12

GPB—25,000—11-11-11

(7)

N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

G.R.S. 26]

File No.

Serial No,

Diary No. of letter replied to

No. G. 5250

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

, the 19 .

To

The Provisional Secretary
Economic Conference

Date of issue 3. 4. 12.

Signed by Sir B. Ramanathan

Sir

I am directed to request ~~that the~~ Budget Estimates of ~~the Committees to the~~ the Economic Conference for the year 1912–1913 may be forwarded to Govt at ~~at~~ a very early date, a copy of the same being also furnished to the over.

SUBJECT.

Comptroller ~~simultaneously~~ simultaneously

I have &

2/4/12

for Offg Secy

2/4/12

SR (Cov)

M E M O R A N D U M

Dealing in detail with the several items of the Economic Conference Budget for 1912--13 as proposed, referred to in para 14 of the foregoing note.

Budget Estimate of the General Conference.

I Establishment

Allowance to the Provisional Secretary Rs.600 to nil.

If the proposal in para 10 of the note, viz., that the Secretary to the Industries and Commerce Committee should also be Secretary to the General Conference.be adopted, then this allowance will become unnecessary.

ii Establishment.. ..Rs.1,020 to Rs.360.

One clerk on Rs.30 a month may be sufficient for the work of the General Conference.

II. Travelling allowances

ii. Establishment of the Provisional Secretary

Rs.200 to Rs.100

Reduced to correspond with the reduction in establishment.

III Contingencies

iv Translation charges Rs.300 to nil
vii Refreshment charges Rs.600 to nil
viii Office expenses and Miscellaneous Rs.400 to Rs.300

The necessity for translation charges for the General Conference is not clear, as the General Conference is not expected to issue any bulletins for the general public. Refreshment charges should be paid by the members, as they draw daily allowance which is exp ected to cover such charges. Office exponses, reduced to correspond with the reduction in establishment proposed.

IV District Committees

i Pay of clerks Rs.3,360 to Rs.960.

ii Travelling allowance to Clerks Rs.800 to nil

iii Travelling allowance to District Committee members

Rs.8,000 to Rs.4,000.

iv Contingencies and small experiments Rs.3,840 to Rs.960

For the present, instead of entertaining a separate clerk in each district whose time will not, in all probability, be fully occupied, an allowance of Rs.10 per month may be granted to a clerk of the District Office for this additional work. As regards travelling allowance, I do not think that the District Committee clerks will have any travelling duty. As regards travelling allowance to District Committee members, quarterly meetings will perhaps be sufficient and the allotment for each district may be reduced to Rs.500. As regards the allotment for Contingencies and small experiments of the District Committees, it is doubtful whether District Committees will have the facilities to conduct experiments with benefit. If any experiments are considered necessary, they may be carried on either in Government institutions or by the Central Committee. Contingent expenditure at Rs.120 per annum for the eight districts, or Rs.960 in all may suffice.

------oooOooo------

Budget Estimate of the Education Committee for 1912-3.

I Salaries

Pay and allowances of Secretary.....Rs.6,600 to nil

Clerical and menial establishment...Rs.1,116 to Rs.444

As regards pay and allowances of Secretary, vide para 10 of the note, in which it is suggested that the Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General of Education should be the ex-officio Secretary. As regards clerical and menial establishment, one clerk on Rs.30 and one peon on Rs.7 may perhaps be sufficient.

II Travelling Allowance.

i Members .....Rs.2,500 to Rs.1,500

ii Officer (Secretary)Rs.1,500 to Rs.500

iii Establishment.....Rs.1,000 to Rs.100

The Industrial Committee want only Rs.1,000 as Travelling allowance to the members and the Agricultural Committee want Rs.1,500. Under these circumstances Rs.1,500 may suffice for the members of the Educational Committee. /# A very large provision for travelling allowance to establishment is not understood. With a reduced establishment, an allotment of Rs.100 for the purpose may perhaps be sufficient.

IV Supplies and Services.

ii Payment for expert opinion .....1,000 to nil.

In respect of educational questions, a provision like this does not appear to be necessary. The opinion of eminent educationists on important questions are recorded in published reports and books, and the practice of giving opinion on general questions like those considered by the Conference for a fee does not prevail, as far as I know, amongst educationists of note.

-----oooo0oooo---

Budget Estimate of the Agricultural Committee for the year 1912--1913.

I Establishment.

Pay and allowances of Secretary	Rs.4,200 to nil.
ii Clerical Establishment	Rs.1,560 to Rs.840
Monial establishment	Rs.540 to Rs.196/8
iii Temporary establishment	Rs.1,500 to nil

As regards pay of the Secretary, vide para 10 of the note, in which it is suggested that one of the officers of the Agricultural ~~Committee~~ may be ex-officio Secretary. As regards establishment, two clerks one of Rs.40 and the other on Rs.30 may be sufficient. Similarly for menials, two peons on Rs.7 each appear sufficient. As regards temporary establishment of two Sericultural Inspectors and a lecturer on Co-operative movement, it is to be noted that such executive work clashes with the legitimate work of ~~these~~ Government departments. Such of the hands as may be necessary may be transferred to the departments, which will arrange to pay them.

II Travelling Allowances.

ii Officer (Secretary)	Rs.700 to Rs.500
iii Establishment	Rs.1,200 to Rs.Rs.200

No special remarks, except that, if the establishment is reduced as suggested, the reduction under travelling allowance will follow as a matter of course.

III Contingencies.

v Office expenses	Rs.500 to Rs.300

No remarks.

IV Supplies

IV Supplies and Services.

i Experiments and demonstration purposes....Rs.5,000 to nil

iiExpert opinion Rs.1,000 to nil

iii Seeds and implements Rs.2,000 to nil.

iv Scholarships for training sons of ryots etc.

Rs.5,500 to nil.

v Grants to Agricultural Associations, Co-operative Conferences etc. Rs.2,000 to nil

As regards Rs.5,000 provided for Jaggery demonstration, the work properly belongs to the Agricultural Department of the State. The Committee should advise Government to have the experiment conducted through their Agricultural Department. The provision for expert opinion is not necessary as the Government of Mysore have in their service a high-class Agricultural expert. Seeds and implements business appertain properly to the Agricultural Department. As regards scholarships, these should be sanctioned by Government and not by the Committee. Moreover, as we are going to have an Agricultural School within the State, such scholarships do not seem necessary. As regards grants to Agricultural Associations, Co-operative Conferences etc., it is for Government to sanction and pay such grants and the Committee's work should cease with advising Government. Such provisions should not, therefore, find a place in the budget estimates of this Committee.

Budget Estimate of the Expenses of the General Conference (as revised in the memorandum attached hereto)

Items of Expenditure.	Amount.
I Establishment	
Allowance to the Provisional Secretary.....	n i l
ii Establishment..	360
Total..	360
II Travelling Allowances	
i Members of the Conference ..	2,000
ii Establishment of the Provisional Secretary....	100
Total.....	2,100
III Contingencies	
i House rent and contribution towards the pay of the gardener at Rs.167-8-0	2,010
ii Charges for the electric lights.....	144
iii Scavenging cess..	18
iv Translation charges	n i l
v Printing..	500
vi Purchase of typewriter	400
vii Refreshment charges	n i l
viii Office expenses and miscellaneous ..	300
Total.....	3,372
IV District Committees	
i Pay of a clerk for each district ..	960
ii Travelling allowance to do. ..	n i l
iii Travelling allowance to District Committee members (Rs.500 for each District)..	4,000
iv Contingencies and small experiments (Rs.120 for each district). ..	960
T o t a l.....	Rs. 5,920
Grand T o t a l	Rs.11,752
Add or deduct for rounding.....	Rs. 52
	Rs.11,700

Budget Estimate of the Education Committee for 1912--1913.

Items	Amount
I Salaries	
Pay and allowances of Secretary	nil
ii Clerical and menial establishment	444
iii Temporary establishment	
	444
II Travelling allowance.	
i Members	1,500
ii Officer	500
iii Establishment	100
Total ..	2,100
III Contingencies.	
i. Purchase of Books etc.	500
ii Furniture..	200
iii Printing charges	500
iv Office Expenses	300
v Stationery	300
vi Purchase of typewriter	
	1,800
IV Supplies and Services	
i Experiments..	nil
ii Payment for expert opinion..	nil
V Miscellaneous	
Contribution towards the expenses of the Conference	nil
Grand Total.....	4,344
Add or deduct for rounding...	44
	4,300

Budget Estimate of the Agricultural Committee for 1912----1913.

Items	Amount
I Establishment	
Pay and allowances of Secretary..	n i l
ii Clerical Establishment.. ..	840
Menial establishment..	~~196~~ 168
iii Temporary Establishment ..	n i l
T o t a l..	~~1,036~~ 1008
II Travelling Allowances	
i Members of the Agricultural Committee	1,500
ii O f f i c e r..	500
iii Establishment..	200
T o t a l	2,200
III Contingencies	
i Books and Journals..	1,000
ii Furniture..	300
iii Printing charges	1,500
iv Preparation of bulletins etc. ..	1,000
v Office Expenses	200
vi Honoraria for translation ..	1,000
vii Stationery..	500
viii Purchase of Typewriter	.....
ix Clothing to servants including badges and belts.....	100
T o t a l.....	5,600
IV Supplies and Services	
i Experiments and demonstration purposes	n i l
ii Exper opinion..	n i l
iii Seeds and implements.	n i l
iv Scholarships for training sons of ryots in agriculture, horticulture, sericulture etc.	n i l
v Grants to Agricultural Associations, Co-operative Conferences etc. ..	n i l
V Miscellaneous	
Contribution towards the expenses of the General Conference..	n i l
G r a n d T o t a l	~~8,336~~ 8808
Add or deduct for rounding	~~36~~ 8
	8,800

Budget Estimate of the Industries & Commerce Committee for the Year 1912----1913.

Items	Amount.
I Committee Establishment	
1. Members (i) Travelling allowance of members	1,000
2. Office	
(i) Pay and allowance of Secretary..	8,400
(ii) Travelling allowance of Secretary	800
3. Clerical and Menial Establishment. ..	1,896
(i) Head clerk (60) 2nd clerk (Rs.40) 3rd clerk (Rs.25), 1duffadar (Rs.9) and 3 peons at Rs.8 each	
(ii) Travelling allowance of —do.	
4 Temporary Establishment	
i. Pay..	650
ii. Travelling allowance	150
T o t a l.. ..	13,396
II Superintendents and Staff for charge of six Groups of Industries. ..	n i l
III Supplies and Services	
i. Experiments..	3,000
ii. Payment for expert opinion	2,000
iii. Translations, preparation of bulletins including printing	1,000
iv. Books and Journals..	500
	6,500
IV Special and Miscellaneous	
Industrial Survey	
i. Pay and allowances of an officer ..	5,600
Travelling allowance of do. ..	1,000
ii. Clerical and Menial Establishment ..	497
Travelling allowance of do. ..	280
iii. Printing..	1,000
iv. Contingencies	1,000
	9,377
V. Contingencies.	
i. Furniture..	500
ii. Office contingencies	500
iii. Stationery..	867
iv Purchase of typewriter and duplicator	500
v Committee's share of bungalow rent and other expenses common to the Committees	n i l
vi Committee's share of library expenses	160
T o t a l...	2527
Grand T o t a l.....	31,800

Abstract

	Rs
General conference —	11,700
Education Committee - - -	4,300
Agricultural Committee	8,800
Industries and Commerce committee	31,800
Total	56,600

CONFIDENTIAL.

THE MYSORE ECONOMIC CONFERENCE.

RS 2 [redacted] Report of discussions at a meeting of the President, the three Chairmen and the - - - Comptroller.

INTRODUCTORY.

As previously agreed upon, a Meeting composed of the President of the Conference, the three Chairmen of the Central Committees and the Comptroller to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, was held in the Council Room, on Wednesday, 22nd May 1912, for the discussion of some important points requiring consideration and decision on the part of Government before the next Session of the Conference meets. The meeting commenced at 1.30.p.m. and lasted till quarter to 6.

2. The first point in the list was the advisability of Government announcing clearly that the work of the Conference through the Central and District Committees would be continued for at least three years from 1st July 1912, in order to ensure continuity of operations, to give confidence to the public and to enlist the co-operation of various departments of Government. At present there was only a hint thrown out in an order of Government dated 21st July 1911 in the following sentence:- "Persons thus nominated will be members of the Conference for a period of three years from the date of nomination and at the expiry of such period will be eligible to be again nominated."

The President desired to know whether each of the Committees had work for the next three years.

The Chairman, Education Committee, said that he was not sure that there was work for the Education Committee for 3 years. At any rate, in his opinion, it was not necessary to have a highly paid full time Secretary for the Committee. The duties of the Secretary might be performed by some Officer of the Education Department in addition to his own work. The Education Committee had come to some decision on all or most of the subjects referred to them. As to the work in the future, it depended on the question whether the Government were going to allow the Conference to develop into an executive body or to be merely an advisory one.

The President remarked that there was no likelihood of the subjects referred to the Committees being added to.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, remarked that these questions ought to have been taken up earlier. An early decision of Government was necessary.

The Comptroller observed that some of the Committees had gone beyond the Government orders.

The President said that Government had indicated in very broad lines the functions of the Conference and had given a free scope (and a free hand) to all the Committees. The first impression was that the Committees were purely advisory bodies.

The Comptroller said that in the case of the Education Committee and the Agricultural Committee there were the respective heads of departments and these Committees might be purely advisory bodies. But as there was no department of Industries & Commerce, the Committee for Industries & Commerce will have to do some work of an executive character and its status will be somewhat different until a Superintendent of Industries and Commerce is appointed. Then all the Committees will be on the same footing of purely studying and advisory bodies.

The President remarked that it might be put the other way. If there is work for a department of Industries & Commerce, then such a department should be organized.

The Chairman, Agricultural Committee, said that he concurred with the Comptroller and added that it seemed to him to be anamolous that Councillors should be Chairmen of Committees, as under such an arrangement they might not be able to consider the subjects coming up before them in the Committee and the Government, with an impartial mind. He would prefer the Inspector General of Education and Dr.Coleman being Chairman respectively of the Education and the Agricultural Committees.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, said that if the head of the department was Chairman he will overawe the members. Better that he was a Joint-Secretary and executed as

head of the department, the Resolutions and schemes of the Committee.

The Comptroller remarked that the Dewan being President of the Conference was also anamolous in that case, but he did not see any great objection to the present arrangement. So long as the Committee was an advisory body the Chairman would only record and represent the opinion of the Committee.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, remarked that if heads of departments were Chairmen, they would not get the best men to serve on the Committees. The prominent men of the country would not care to be on a Committee domineered by the head of a technical Department. The status of the Committee would be lowered in public estimation and their usefulness impaired.

The Comptroller suggested that the heads of departments might be Vice-Chairmen.

The Chairman, Education Committee, observed that according to the original order of the Government, two thirds of the Conference must approve of the recommendations of the Committees. They started without any definite idea. Their duty was merely to print monographs, but they asked for a lakh of rupees and then began to develop work. As an advisory body their scope was very limited and narrow. After one year's experience, they must have more definite ideas.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee,

replied that no organization like this came into existence in a perfect form in one day. It was for them to evolve order and define the functions according to the needs of their work. The Committee would not interfere with the ordinary operations of the Department concerned. But they should get from the Department whatever information they want and co-operation and help of every kind to investigate questions, formulate and work out schemes, experiments, improvements, etc. The Committees should be semi-executive bodies.

The Chairman, Education Committee, said that his Committee never aspired to do executive work. They had formulated their opinions on most of the questions referred to them. They had not incurred any expenditure on executive work. It would of course be useful to keep up the Education Committee with perhaps a less expensive establishment.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, desired to know whether for instance in regard to compulsory education there was not a lot of work to be done. Would not the Committee work up the scheme? There was much work to be done by way of comparing conditions in Mysore with those outside.

The Chairman, Education Committee, thought that there was all the work of the Education Department.

The Chairman, Committee for Industries, and

Commerce, was of opinion that the Education Committee might be kept up to help the department and to see how the department carried out schemes.

The Chairman, Education Committee, said that it was a matter of temperament and he had no faith in the Committee undertaking executive responsibilities or supervising the work of the department.

The Chairman, Industries and Commerce Committee, ~~was afraid that was~~ said that the department should be guided by the Committee.

The Chairman, Education Committee, was afraid that such a step would lead them very far. They were only an advisory body. Most of the educationists were already in the department. He asked why there should not be an Engineering Committee to advise the Chief Engineer in regard to public works.

The Chairman, Committee for Industries and Commerce, replied that it was a different thing altogether. In the Public Works Department everything was cut and dry. All the world over they had School Committees, but they had not heard of Public Works Department Committees except for providing funds. In all advanced countries the work of improving education was carried on by Committees which meant the co-operation of the public most interested in the work.

The Chairman, Committee for Industries and Commerce, further remarked that only 6 per cent of the

population was literate in Mysore and unless strenuous measures were adopted such a sorry state of things could not be improved. There was abundant work for the Education Committee.

The Chairman, Education Committee, observed that it was merely a question of funds and that the mere appointment of Committees could not bring about the desired result.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, explained the advisability of having the Committees by which so many minds would be thinking of the same subject and which would lead to gradual improvement. However efficient the head of a department may be, he will not be able to give his attention to all branches of education and all aspects of it.

The Chairman, Education Committee, thought that the head of the department had to obtain the orders of Government and Government would scrutinise the work. What could the casual members of a Committee do?

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, said that the Committees could always keep up the discussion of a subject and would be investigating it.

CONCLUSION.

The President desired to know finally whether each of the Committees had work for the next three years.

The Chairman, Education Committee, said "we can continue for three years as originally intended."

The Chairman, Agricultural Committee, said that there was full scope for work for his Committee for three years.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, said that they were at the beginning of things and there was a great deal of work to be done by the Committee if even a department of Industries and Commerce were established.

The general sense of the meeting was that the Conference and the Committees should continue for the next three years and that arrangements be made to start a department of Industries & Commerce. [N.B.- The Comptroller desired to tack on the following proviso:- "provided the Conference and the Committees retain their advisory character," but the other members were of opinion that the question of functions of the Committees should be separately considered.]

3. The next subjects taken up was No.5 in the list, viz, the advisability of granting to each District Committee a maximum grant of Rs.1,500 to 2,000 a year to meet the ordinary expenses of the District Committee and informing them that if they should wish for subsidiary grants for making experiments, they would be given as much money as they raised locally.

The Chairman, Education Committee, wanted to know in what way District Committees ~~ax~~ would be able to raise/ funds. The District Boards were already in an impecunious state.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee,

said that that was the look out of the District Committees. It was necessary to encourage self-help by means of local taxation and even subscriptions. If the District Committees failed to raise money, their grants would not go beyond a small minimum.

CONCLUSION. The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, the Chairman, Agricultural Committee, and the Comptroller approved of the principle underlying the proposal, but the Comptroller thought that the maximum of fixed grant suggested should be lowered if self-help was to be really encouraged and insisted on. The Chairman, Education Committee, was however sceptical as to practicability of the scheme.

4. Subject No.6 related to the necessity of having a Central Committee or Standing Committee for the following reasons:- (1) to decide important questions as they arise and without waiting for the Conference Session, (2) to co-opdinate the work of the three Central Committees and that of the District Committees and (3) to sanction expenditure and re-appropriation within the sanctioned budget amount without going to Government frequently.

It was suggested that the Standing or Central Committee might be composed of either (a) three members, one for each of the three Central Committees selected by the Conference, the three Chairmen and the President or (b) the three Chairmen and the President and might meet as often as necessary or once in three months. All executive control of the Conference work might be entrusted to this

Central Committee and the sanction of this Committee should suffice for the Committees to incur expenditure and for re-appropriations within the budget amount.

The Comptroller remarked that such a Committee would only tend to increase the length of the red tape.

The Chairman, Education Committee, enquired how long the Conference was to have a Provisional Secretary.

The President replied that when the Conference was started the Office was provisional. But now the Conference was to continue there was no need to retain its provisional character.

The Chairman, Agricultural Committee, thought that instead of having a Central Committee, the Conference itself might meet more often if necessary.

The President suggested that the three Chairmen might meet as often as possible and do as much work as was necessary without violating the spirit of the Government Order.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, was of opinion that the President was everything and without him there would be no use of a meeting of the three Chairmen. There were subjects which concerned more than one Committee.

The President said that the three Central Committees might meet and discuss matters common to all the Committees.

The Chairman, Education Committee, enquired

whether the Committees were not subordinate to the Conference.

The Comptroller observed that it was necessary to define the respective functions of the Conference and of the Committees.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, explained that it was the duty of the Conference to reflect the general opinion of the public and to lay down the broad lines of action, while the Committees had to think out and work out the details. They could not wait for 9 months or 12 months till the Conference met for giving effect to their schemes. He enquired who represented the Conference when the Conference was not in Session. There should be some recognised body to act in the name of the Conference while it was not stitting.

The Chairman, Education Committee, thought that the Conference need not have a corporate existance. For instance the Representative Assembly had long tried in vain to have a Standing Committee. It had no one to represent it while it was not in Session. The appointment of a Central Committee would lead to much confusion.

The Comptroller was of opinion that the expenditure of the funds by the Committees should be subjected to the same rules and limitations as were applied to the other departments.

The Chairman, Education Committee, added that the limits within which the President and the Chairman might make grants should be defined.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee said that at present each Committee stood by itself and that there was no unifying agency. That was the first meeting of the character that had been held and it was difficult to arrange it.

The President said that in his view unification meant restricting the scope of work of each Committee. He was for giving each Committee full scope. The Conference was exceedingly jealous of having a Central Committee and during the last Dasara Session the suggestion gave rise to a storm of adverse criticism. The difficulties were insuperable.

The Chairman, Agricultural Committee, said that at present each Committee was given money and large discretion. The Conference would become a non-entity if there was a Central or Standing Committee.

P. T. O.

The Comptroller said that they had two sessions of the Conference every year and that it was ample for all purposes as the Conference and its Committees were not Executive Departments called on to deal with emergent problems of administration but an Advisory body required to advise on large and far-reaching questions.

The Chairman, Industries and Commerce Committee, remarked that either the Conference must meet often or it must have a Committee to represent it. As the former was not possible on account of the expense, a Committee was the only alternative. For a working body the Committee was the best agency. The Committee would represent the Conference and carry on work on its behalf.

CONCLUSION.

The Chairman, Education Committee, said that the utmost extent they would go was to authorize the three Chairmen and the President to meet as often as might be necessary and the President might have a casting vote, if opinions were equally divided. Subjects may be settled also by circulation as is being done at present, and this view was finally concurred in by all the other members.

5. Subject No.7 viz., co-ordination of the work of departments and Committees concerned was next considered. The following were the specific proposals made:--

The Education and the Agricultural Departments have their respective heads, and the respective Committees should have the full co-operation of these heads of Departments. The Inspector-General of Education and the head of the Agricultural Department or the Government Mycologist and Entomologist may be

made

made Member and Joint Secretary of the respective Committees and the functions of the Secretaries should be defined. Generally, the ordinary work of the Committees will be attended to by the full time Secretaries, while the execution of schemes of improvements in Agriculture or Education which had been approved by the Committees may rest with the Departmental Joint Secretaries. If necessary, some allowance may be provided for the Joint Secretaries or some independent clerical staff may be given to them.

The Chairman, Education Committee, thought that unless the functions of the Committees were settled, the question of co-ordination of work could not be discussed.

The Comptroller was for the Committees conforming themselves strictly to the orders of Government.

The President remarked that there was a very important aspect of such combination of offices to be considered. If the Head of a Department were also Secretary to a Committee, he had to lead a double-faced life. He was the executive advisor of Government and as such his views might be quite different from the resolutions of the Committee or Department of which he was a Secretary. It was an awkward position. It required extraordinary skill and tact to distinguish between the duty of a Secretary and the duty of a Head of a Department. In cases where such a combination existed, there was frightful confusion, and Government had to go back on their original

orders.

orders. The Committees should be thoroughly independent of all departmental interference. If the proposals of the Committees met with the approval of the Government there would be no further discussion and the head of the Department would be bound to give effect to the orders of Government.

The Chairman, Industries and Commerce Committee, said that at times the Head of a Department might be hostile to the Committee. The Committee had to initiate schemes and watch results. Therefore, if the Head of the Department were made the Joint Secretary, it would conduce to effective and smooth working.

The Chairman, Education Committee, was doubtful of the wisdom of giving the Committees any power of supervision or of overlordship. It was not a popular Government they were aiming at.

The Comptroller enquired what means the Committees had for effective supervision of departmental work.

The Chairman, Agricultural Committee, thought that it was going too far.

The Chairman, Committee for Industries and Commerce, enquired what would be the position which the Head of the Department concerned should occupy in relation to the Committee.

The Chairman, Education Committee, said that the Head of the Department should have no executive functions in regard to the Committee.

The Chairman, Agricultural Committee, was in favour of making one of the Assistants of the Heads of Departments a Joint Secretary to the Committee. He added that no expert could be compelled to carry out the

crude

crude proposals of a Committee.

The Chairman, Industries and Commerce Committee, said that the Committee might commit blunders at the beginning, but with experience they would work better. Being composed of responsible men the Committee knew the requirements of the public better than the head of a single department

The Comptroller said that there was a certain amount of responsibility attached to executive functions and the Committees had not the necessary qualifications to undertake such responsibility. There was no harm in the Committees being dominated by the views of Heads of the Departments. He could not see why it should be assumed that the Head of a Department instead of trying to improve and expand the operations of his department on correct lines would assume a perverse and re-actionary attitude.

The Chairman, Industries and Commerce Committee, drew attention to the great danger of Heads of Departments running their own fads. They had to be advised and guided. This object would be frustrated if the Head of the Department was made Chairman of the Committee.

The Chairman, Education Committee, observed that it would be auspicious to make such a beginning in the P.W.D., as its head would be probably more sympathetically disposed.

The Chairman, Industries and Commerce Committee, said that he had no objection to the proposal if the Government so wished, only they would be doing things which were not done in any other part of the world.

CONCLUSION. Then, the President called for the final opinions of the

of the members. His own opinion was that Heads of Departments should be merely members of Committees.

The Comptroller was of the same view and was against Heads of Departments being made Joint or full time Secretaries of Committees.

The Chairman, Industries and Commerce Committee, did not express any opinion. He was for the Head of the Department being made Joint Secretary.

The Chairman, Education Committee, was against the Head of the Department being made Joint Secretary. He was for one Secretary for each Committee.

The Chairman, Agricultural Committee, was against the head of the Department being Joint Secretary.

6. The question of paying fees to members of the Central and District Committees for attending meetings was considered. The reference was in the following terms:--

"At present members coming from places other than Bangalore get travelling and halting allowances, while those residing at head-quarters do not get any allowance. It is thought that it would facilitate work if members of the Central Committees including officials are paid for attending each meeting from Rs.8 to Rs.10 a day and the members of the District Committees Rs.3 for each sitting. If a member absents himself consecutively from 3 Committee meetings, he forfeits his seat. But he may be reinstated by the Cebtral Committee on the recommendation of the Committee concerned. All vacancies among the members of the Central or District Committees during a year may be filled up by the Chairman of the Committee concerned with the approval of the President."

The

The Comptroller said it was opposed to all principles to pay Government Officers for attending such Committee meetings.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, said that the procedure was not altogether uncommon and quoted the instance of Bombay Improvement Trust, Port Trust and Bank Meetings.

The Comptroller pointed out that in these cases the bodies concerned were local funds. The Economic Conference was not a local fund.

The Chairman, Education Committee, said that this was another method of converting non-officials into officials.

CONCLUSION.

Votes were taken. The Chairmen of the Education Committee and the Agricultural Committee and the Comptroller were against the proposal.

7. The next subject was payment of suitable honoraria to the non-official members of the Conference or Central or District Committees for monographs, bulletins, etc., prepared by them and accepted by the Committees.

The Chairman, Agricultural Committee, said that the departments were publishing bulletins and if the Committees also published bulletins, there might be a conflict of views and parricularly duplication of work.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, thought that there was no harm in the Committees and the heads of departments each publishing bulletins and it was always good that many

people were thinking on important subjects.

CONCLUSION. The general sense of the meeting was that the Chairman of each Committee might sanction honorarium up to a limit of Rs.50 in each case, Government sanction being applied for where it exceeded Rs.50.

8. While the above subject was being discussed the Chairman, Agricultural Committee, said that Vokkaligara Patrika might be subsidised for publishing interesting articles connected with the Agricultural Committee, i.e. for publishing in this paper such matters as would be beneficial to the agricultural classes (that is what we consider as desirable, will be published, the Editor having no power to publish on his own accord).

The Chairman, Education Committee, said that he would not advise money being paid to newspapers as they would be glad to publish useful matter free if supplied.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, said that his Committee had passed a Resolution in favor of informing 4 or 5 news-papers that whichever published in a month most interesting articles bearing on Industries & Commerce would be paid a certain lump grant. Such a step would stimulate competition. But pending settlement of the question of authority of the Committee in regard to expenditure he had not authorised such payment.

The President said that subsidising news papers on behalf of Conference work was his idea, formulated long ago. He was fo purchasing 100 or 200 copies of special issues which contained readable matter.

The Comptroller remarked that the value of a journal as an independent critic might suffer if it received subsidy in any form.

The President said that subsidising a newspaper to support a policy was bad, but there was nothing objectionable in news papers writing with information on special topics of common interest.

9. The next subject in the list was placing at the disposal of the press a short resume of every Conference meeting, in addition to bulletins and monographs issued by the Committees.

The President enquired whether any bulletins and monographs had been placed at the disposal of the press. The reply was that none had been. It was also pointed out that the Chairmen of the Committees had been empowered to publish in the Mysore Gazette such of the Resolutions as they might select. But this discretion had not so far been utilised as there was no need. In regard to the accessibility of press correspondents to the meetings and papers of the Conference, the President observed that the Government Order had laid it down that the Conference meetings were not to be open to the press and that any relaxation of the rule would require the sanction of the Government. The President himself personally had no objection to the utmost publicity, but it often happened that news paper reporters who were not well informed on, and conversant with, the subjects under discussion, were unable to follow the debates and often times misunderstood and misreported matters or reported them with a characteristic bias. Sometimes, a handle was given to adverse criticism

by ill chosen words spoken by the members themselves without really meaning what those words signified. A good summary prepared as an official report should suffice.

CONCLUSION.

All the members concurred in the following view of the President:- that there was no objection to a short resume of the proceedings being placed at the disposal of the press.

The Provisional Secretary enquired whether the annual reports of the Committees for 1911-12 might be placed at the disposal of the press. The members were agreeable to the proposal provided the Chairmen ~~xxxxx~~ themselves took the responsibility of selection. The President must be consulted in all cases of"doubt, delicacy or importance."

10. The advisability of ~~purxhxsing~~ publishing a quarterly magazine in English and Kannada in connection with the Conference literature to stimulate public discussion,was discussed.

The Chairman, Education Committee, thought that it would be a troublesome business, that interesting material might not be forthcoming and that the subjects might be left to the Conference,as this was included in the Agenda. He would not bind himself to give any matter. If there was information it would be made available He was in favour of an Education Journal being started under the supervision and control of the Inspector General of Education.

The Chairman, Committee for Industries and Commerce, ~~xxxxxx~~ quoted the instance of the

Commercial Journal published at the cost of the Gwalior State and said such a Journal ~~xf~~ would be of great advantage. Conditions of Mysore would be brought out and compared with those outside.

The Comptroller said that it ~~might~~ must be a high class magazine and enquired whether a ~~gkxk~~ high standard ~~could~~ be maintained and whether there was sufficient material of a sufficiently high order.

The Chairman, Committee for Industries and Commerce, ~~xhax~~ said that it might take some years for the magazine to become self-supporting, that it was a question of funds and that if sufficient money were forthcoming it was perfectly feasible to have a high class magazine.

The President asked for the final opinion of the members.

CONCLUSION.

The Chairman, Education Committee, was for continuing the publication of brochures and pamphlets.

The Chairman, Agricultural Committee, and the Comptroller were for putting off the subject.

11. The existing order of Government of 21st July 1911 does not vest in the Committees any executive power. But the Committees in the course of their investigations have to take executive action in ~~xg~~ regard to experiments. ~~xxxxxxxxxxx~~ To remove this anamoly it was proposed to request Government to add the following clause to para 11 of the Government Order:-

"The Committees may also ~~xxxx~~ initiate experiments, prepare working schemes for the approval of Government, recommend help to Industries and Agricultural improvements and generally take all such steps as may be necessary to improve the economic condition of the country, with the approval of Government or of the Standing Committees of the Conference after such a body is created."

The President enquired how the difficulty arose. The Provisional Secretary explained that the action of the Agricultural Committee in appointing Sericultural Inspectors, in giving scholarships to students for sericulture and horticulture and the action of the Committee for Industries & Commerce in appointing a Textile Assistant were not in strict conformity with the Government Order of July 1911.

The Chairman, Education Committee, ~~xxx~~ thought that the question could not be decided unless the functions of the Committees were defined. He would rather advise a new set of rules to be drawn up than add to the existing ones.

The Comptroller was for allowing the Government Order to stand as it was.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, said that ~~xx~~ if the rules were not changed the Committees would have to sleep for nine months and then wake up for three days when the Conference met.

The Comptroller said that the Committees might do work all round the year and he was for placing the Industries Committee on a different footing from the other two Committees, until a

a Superintendent of Industries & was appointed. After that the three Committees would be purely advisory bodies on similar footing.

The Chairman, Education Committee, said that if executive action was attempted he would prefer it being entrusted to the head of a department rather than to a Committee.

The Comptroller said that in urgent cases the Committees might apply direct to the Government. But considering the nature of their duties such cases would be few. The Chairman, Education Committee said, that all the difficulties would disappear if executive work be left to the departments concerned.

CONCLUSION. It is for the Government to consider the subject.

12. Then item No.2 in the list, the budget estimates for the year 1912-13 of all the Committees, was considered.

The Chairman, Education Committee, enquired whether the Budget was not going to be considered by the Conference. It was necessary to maintain the character of the Conference.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, said that it would be better to know the opinions of the President, the Chairmen and the Comptroller.

The President desired to know why Government should not reserve the budget to be decided after the Conference assembled. The Government were asked

to form opinions. But the Government meant His Highness ~~him~~ and they could not commit themselves to any decisive view before learning the pleasure of His Highness.

The Comptroller said that next year there would be a deficit.

The Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, complained that whenever the question of funds was raised, there was unwillingness and opposition on all sides. Such a poor country as Japan with 40 Millions of revenue had granted one Million pounds for expenditure in the current year for steamship subsidies. One fortieth of our revenue viz, 6 lakhs would suffice not only for subsidies of every description but for the entire work of the Conference including Education and Agriculture. Here was a country where the earning power of the people was very low. The country was steeped in ignorance. In other advanced countries people knew how to protect themselves. With a revenue of about 240 lakhs, could they not spare 4 or 5 lakhs a year for giving a new turn to the activities and aspirations of the people? The Comptroller had in an official report consented to set apart 2 lakhs a year for Industries & Commerce. But now he took objection for about a lakh and a half for Conference expenditure. Either they must follow a consistent and bold policy or wind up the Conference.

The Comptroller said that he was willing to give 2 lakhs a year or more for developing Industries and Commerce. But he was against two thirds of the money being spent as was done now

now/ on establishments and for Committees which besides representing the wants and views of the people to some extent could do no useful expert work for the development of industries. If it were left to him he would reduce the Conference Budget of establishment to 50,000 Rs. and devote more money in paying first class experts in a few lines for investigating problems on the spot.

No conlusion was arrived at.

13. The next item was setting apart 15 lakhs of rupees for expenditure on Industries, Trade, Agriculture and Education during the next three years to enable the respective Committees to submit proposals and schemes for experiments, for taking shares in or giving loans to new Co-operative or other enterprises, subsidies to persons who create new industries, etc., in every case with a view to encourage to self-help and to stimulate local enterprise and co-operation. Without incurring a large initial outlay, it is not possible to introduce permanent improvements on a large scale or to give a decisive impetus to the economic prosperity of the State. Every detailed scheme intended to be carried out from this fund should receive the separate sanction of Government.

In the Agenda, the Industries and Commerce Committee, had put forward a proposition requesting Government to set apart 10 lakhs of rupees.

CONCLUSION.

So the meeting thought the Conference might have its say.

14. The next and the last subject taken up

was the advisability of levying an incometax to strengthen the sources of revenue.

The Comptroller has given notice of a proposition to recast the Mohatarfa so as to include the levy of an incometax.

The President said that unless the Conference members had the moral courage to advocate fresh taxation it would be difficult to find money for various improvements.

The members were willing to wait for the decision of the Conference.

By Order,

Provisional Secretary.

N.B.- There was no time to discuss in full, the important subjects of (1) defining the functions of the Committees and the Conference and (2) the scale of Conference establishments, which were reserved for discussion.

G.R.S 13]

Routine Notes.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

DH 8 28

H Dis 1071

Letter No. 578 dated the 6th May 1912 from the Provisional Secretary Economic Conference forwarding the Budget Estimates of the Conference for the year 1912-13

(10) As it is the practice to deal with Budget Estimates in Branch II in the first instance, this may be transferred there for their usual note & consideration

DH(CO4) VS. 41
8-5-12

II

Vom
8/5/12

(11) The General Secretary's remarks dated 28/3/12 on the routine notes below show that the Conference will have to go on for some years at any rate. The budget of the Conference received from the Provl. Secy.

N. B—S

Serial No.

T

is therefore subd for Consideration (Please see Dewan's order dated 29.3.12 on the routine notes).

12 The estimates of expenditure proposed for 1912-13 are shown below:-

Item	Sanctd Estimate 1911-12	Proposed Estimate 1912-13	Diffce
I Establishment	24,256	28,298	4042
II Tr: Allces	12050	13050	1000
III Special Estt	.	39377	39377
IV Contingencies	15175	19639	4464
V Supplies & Services	26300	30160	3860
VI Dr. Committee	.	16000	16000
VII miscellaneous	1500	11000	9500
	79281	156524	78243

Deduct- amount included in the budget of the Committees towards the expenses of the Conference. 11000

Net amount reqd } 146524 or 146500 in round figures

13 This may be referred to Br V for favour of noting if all

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

General and Revenue Secretariat.

G.F. File No. 3,573 of 1911-12

Serial No.

The items included in the Estimates have been sanctioned by Govt.

14 May the Comptroller's report be called for in this case also?

Subd. for orders

Hon 86 Mtg 13-5-12

15 The amount sanctioned last year for the Conference was 1 lakh and from G.O of 7.8.'11 (Flag N) it is to be inferred that this allotment was for the work of the Committee as a whole and not necessarily for that ~~Chairman~~ Ellis alone. [The order of 7th July '11 sanctioning 1 lakh is found upon some other connection and is stated to be not available.]: As the committee ~~expend~~ Expect to spend 17,000 + 21,600 + 40,500 or 79,100 Rs in all in the year 1911-12, only a balance of Rs 20,900 is available for '12-'13 and in the absence of any order sanctioning a further allotment the Committee's Budget for '12-'13 should be limited to this amount.

16 Until it is known how much the Govt are prepared to allot for the purpose, the Budget prepared by the Committee cannot be ~~scrutinised in~~ accepted.

17 The chief feature in the Budget is provision on a lavish scale for all possible items of expenditure.

18 The total provision ~~Items~~ upto 1,45,800 Rs distributed among the various sections as follows:—

NOTE.—Contn. sheet.

GPB—20,000—20-1-12

G. R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. 3573 of 1911-12

Serial No.		
For 1911-12		For 1912-13
17,000	General Conference	13,000 (in addition to the 4,160 is included under the other heads for this purpose)
40,500	Educational Committee	20,200
21,600	Industrial Committee	75,000
	Agricultural Committee	37,600
79,100		Total 1,45,600.

Almost all the items of Prop[2] are special items requiring sanction of Govt and ~~so far as~~ is only one of them viz the deputation of Mr Sambasiva Iyer as Industrial Survey which has been sanctioned by Govt.

Mr 15/5/12

Please

19 There are some broad points of principle to be settled before the details of this budget can be profitably discussed. I understand that those points are to be discussed at an early date. I think for casting the budget 21000 may be taken as the grant, the balance of 1,24000 being included in the list to be considered at budget time.

20 I have carefully gone through the budget and have come to the conclusion that if all establt. charges not absolutely necessary for the purposes of the conference as a studying and advising body be cut out, the estimate can be reduced to about Rs 5,7000 retaining fair provision under all the useful heads.

Mr 15/5

Dewan

I do suppose the recorded figure of Rs 20900 for remai ning unspent will be added to the Imp Grant next year.

Noted. Hurrah. 16/5/12

21/May/12

1350/20.5.12

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

17.5.12

GPB—20,000—20-1-12

Note on the Budget Estimates of the Mysore Economic Conference

for the year 1912--1913

as proposed by the Conference and its three Committees.

1. A reference to proposition 36 in the proceedings of the Conference, ~~of the~~ session of June 1911, will show that the idea was that an allotment of one lakh of rupees should be ear-marked for the Conference work as a whole and not necessarily during the year 1911-12. ~~This seems to imply that~~ The Government Order sanctioning the recommendation of the Conference regarding the allotment is also to the same effect. It is, therefore, clear that as far as existing orders go, the Conference is entitled to spend during the year 1912-13 only the unspent portion of the one lakh of rupees that has been assigned to ~~them~~ it. From the revised estimate of the expenditure incurred by the Conference during the year 1911-12 prepared on the basis of 8 months' actuals, it appears that the amount likely to be spent by the Conference in 1911-12 will be between 60,000 and Rs.70,000. A sum of between Rs.30,000 ---Rs.40,000 is, therefore, all that can be ~~spent~~ assigned to the Conference for expenditure during the year 1912-13 under existing orders.

2. The budgets framed by the Conference, however, aggregate Rs.1,46,000 viz., Rs.24,200 for the General Conference, Rs.15,700 for the Education Committee, Rs.32,600 for the Agricultural Committee and Rs.73,500 for the Committee for Industries and Commerce. The adjustments made in the budgets of the three Committees for contribution towards the expenses of the General Conference do not affect the questions discussed in this note, and they have, therefore, been ignored, the ~~actual~~ estimates for expenditure of the Conference and each of the Committees being ~~alone~~ taken into consideration without any internal adjustments

3. The

3, The first point that stikes one in reviewing the four budgets in question is that expenditure on ordinary establishment and Travelling allowance forms the bulk of the proposed expenditure. Thus, out of Rs.1,46,000, ordinary establishment is to cost about Rs.31,700 ; travelling allowance of members, and secretaries and establishments is to cost about Rs.21,900. A special establishment of Rs.30,000 has been proposed and the cost of the special Industrial Survey included in the budget amounts to Rs.9,400. It will be observed that these items alone make up about Rs.93,000 out of the total sum of Rs.1,46,000.

4. In the present circumstances of the country there is indeed a great charm in advocating expenditure of money for economic development, But it is to be remembered that in all schemes for expenditure of money, strict economy is essential and money unnecessarily or uselessly spent can do no good even if such expenditure is in the name of economic development.

5. Before considering the budgets in question in detail, it seems necessary to examine if the Economic Conference is proceeding on the lines indicated in the order constituting it. From its working during the last year there is room for apprehension that some departure has taken place from the original idea as embodied in the order of constitution,. Instead of being a body whose main duty is to study economic questions carefully and advise Government and the people on such subjects, the Conference and the Committees are tending to develop as executive departments of Government.

6. The Conference owes its origin to a desire to associate men of enlightenment within the State, public-spirited citizens, agriculturists, merchants etc. with the officers

of

of Government in deliberations connected with the economic progress in Mysore." It was recognized that "public interest in the numerous economic questions could only be kept alive by constant interchange of views and discussions amongst those competent to deal with them." A series of conferences seemed needed "to stimulate the capacity for effort among the people and to suggest the adoption of practical measures by Government where Government can render assistance." The Economic Conference thus came into existence.

7. The Conference should ordinarily meet once a year and continuous work is to be done in the Committees. The work of the Committees is thus defined in five stages in para 11 of the orders of constitution.--

(1) The Committee should first of all collect correct information on the question to be considered;

(2) A note or monograph should be prepared embodying the information collected;

(3) The conditions in Mysore with those in other countries or localities should then be considered;

(4) The Committee should consult experts, if necessary, and obtain their opinion; and

(5) The Committee will report their opinions and recommendations on the subject considered, to the Conference, at the annual session of the conference.

8. It will thus be seen that it was never intended that the Conference and its Committees should be executive bodies employing and controlling large establishments, sanctioning scholarships, purchasing and distributing seeds and implements, sanctioning grants to Agricultural Associations and Co-operative conferences, conducting experiments on a large scale etc. Every facility should, however, be given to them for doing their legitimate work and liberal grants for the purchase of books and journals, preparation and

publication

publication of bulletins, consulting experts etc., should be provided and a small establishment should be given for attending to clerical and other minor duties.

9. Unless steps are taken to give a proper turn to the activities of the Conference and its Committees at this stage, much unnecessary duplication of work may occur and confusion may arise, especially in the Education and the Agricultural Departments of the State.

10. If the above view is accepted, the establishments of the several Committees can be materially reduced. The Inspector-General of Education may be the ViceeChairman and his Personal Assistant ex-officio Secretary to the Education Committee. Similarly, the State Agriculturist may be the Vice-Chairman ~~of the~~ and one of his Gazetted Assistants ex-officio Secretary to the Agricultural Committee. As there is no sanctioned appointment such as Superintendent of Commerce and Industry in the State, the Secretary to the Industries and Commerce Committee may remain, but he may also be the Secretary to the Conference.

This scheme will not only secure economy by ~~doing~~ doing away with unnecessarily lavish establishment but will also secure the co-ordination of the State Departments with the work of the Conference, which is a very desirable object.

11. Under this method of work, the clerical establishment of the several Committees may also be somewhat reduced, e.g., if the control of work relating to sericulture Inspectors, seeds and implements, jaggery demonstration, scholarships, grants-in-aid etc. be transferred to the proper department of Government, the clerical establishment of the

Agricultural

Agricultural Committee may be materially reduced. The Education Committee has two clerks, but one seems sufficient. The menial staff is also capable of reduction if the above ex-officio arrangements are adopted.

12. When the work of the Industries and Commerce section develops to some extent in a few years, a Superintendent of Industries and Commerce may be appointed for the State and he may be the Secretary to the Industries and Commerce Committee. The three sections will then be constitutionally similar.

13. Keeping in view the objects of the Conference as I have understood them from the order of constitution, I have revised the proposed Budget Estimates of the Economic Conference. The grants relating to the proper functions of the Conference and the Committees have all been retained though, in some cases, they have been reduced where they appeared excessive. All grants relating to work which may be done in the regularly constituted departments of the State have been cut out. The reduction of establishment as explained in para 11 above has been assumed. The net result is a reduction of the budget from Rs.1,46,000 to Rs. 56,600. The whole of the provision for Industrial Survey viz. Rs.9377 has been retained and is included in the latter figure.

14. A memorandum dealing with the Conference budget and the three Committees' budgets one by one is attached. A revised budget on the lines indicated in this note is also appended.

J Chakravarthi

COMPTROLLER.

Bangalore,
18th May 1912.

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. 36 of 191 (-12

Serial No. 21

(Circulated to Councillors

2 The sum of £21 over & above the £100 Lee & Inspires should be entered for forecasting the Budget, is I suppose the unspent portion of the one lac grant already made to the Conference - This is practically used up also as we have applied for the services of Mr Chatterton for six months on a monthly salary of £2500 - He is to be attached to work under the Committee for Ind: & Com: -

3 We have thus to consider a fresh grant & letter to the Conference I forward a criticism by the Secy of the present Budget Estimates appearing £ 145000 - It contains much food for reflection.

4 Whether we shd grant to consider to what extent the objects of the Conference have been fulfilled - Paras 9 & 11 Budget Proc. 485 of 21 July 1911 explain what was intended by Govt - The functions as pointed out by the Committee were those of study, collection of local information, comparison with other places, & advice by the Conference - But these limits seem to have

K

ML

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. 36 of 191 (7)

Serial No.

I have been recorded to say that the entire grant has been spent, & if the expenditure can be justified under the terms of the last order (as I am quite willing to believe) the question is whether Govt have not undertaken a huge & very expensive undertaking in Persia & whether Govt can afford to incur more expenditure on the same lines —

5 Committed as Govt is to the Gamasyn Reservoir (Estimate 8 lacs) & to a light railway policy & one effect of which a Railway Engineer on Rs 2500 pm has been employed & will join in the course next month (June) it behoves Govt to strain every nerve to economize & to save —

Estd exp in 1911-12 8 lacs
Do for 12-13 20-00

(22) To general for ordering circulation please

21/5

21/5/12

Circulate

21/5/12

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

Serial No.

(23) I should suggest this being taken up at a meeting of Council, as very important issues are involved.

22/8/12

22/8

(24) I agree that the matter is one which should go before the Council.

22/8/12

(25) Submitted to Dewan

23/8

1510 23.8.12

(26) Brought at an early Executive Meeting

28 Aug

(29)

#487

Bangalore
24. 5. 12.

My dear Sir,

With reference to your D.O. of this date regarding the budget estimate of the Economic Conference for 1912-13, I beg to invite reference to the rule on the subject by the courtesy of the 20th instt., a copy of which he has sent to me and one of which is said to have been sent to you also.

(13) I think there is some force in the statement of Mr. Chakravarti that a large portion of the amount is being spent on establishments. The expenditure could be cut down to certain extent in that direction. We have highly paid full-time agents who could with advantage be replaced by Khadi organisation and Agricultural depts. so far as the Khadi and

(14)

Agric. Committees are growing.
As regards Note items of expenditure
Lt. would be better to confer
as Lt. at this stage of the
Conference, as to whether the expenditure
to the extent given is within
necessary or unnecessary for the
purposes of the Committees and not-
difficulties stated. In such cir
-cumstances a supplemental
the figures now given summarily
after the setting of the Conference

15

The details may be worked out in
detail by the experts who may be sent for
from the Centre. Whatever
be necessary.

Thus making a reduction
under establishment, he may
announce a lump sum allotment
of about Rs 60000.
of 135000 Rs receiving the sanction
of H.E. the Governor.

Yours sincerely
[illegible]

To

The Accountant General
C. P. & B.
Allahabad.

N.B. For want of time
I am sorry I am unable
to express my views at present
on the [illegible]

(28)

My dear
The file relating to
the Budget grant for the
Econ Conference for 1912-13
stands marked for a Council
meeting -

But as the subject is
urgent & a meeting may
not come off soon enough,
I requested Councillors to
view them privately -
The 2nd Councillor has sent
me his - The 1st Councillor
wants to see the file -
Kindly send it to him
marked Urgent - -

yours sincerely
[illegible]

Submitted
to 1st Councillor
with the file
Urgent
26/5/12

7-15 Nov

Serial No. 394

29/ I have added notes in pencil showing my views on each of the budgets of separate Sections.

30/ The most important item is that of the Industries Committee for appointing Superintendents &c for 6 Groups of industries. We have agreed to appoint an expert to report &c on this matter and it is quite premature to settle how we should proceed further. This should wait till [illegible] has the result of Mr. Chatterton's deputation in its hands.

Gen. Confce
Deduct Loo R. Chan.
£940
600
4000
2880
8620

31/ The result accg to my proposals will be as follows:

	As proposed by Conference	By Cr on table	By me
General Confce	24,160	11,700	15,600
Education	20,200	4,300	12,450
Afric.	37,600	8,800	21,300
Industries;	75000	31,800	27,500
	~~159,960~~ ?	56,600	76,850

32/ For establishment &c, I have adopted present figures (as indeed

NOTE— Contn. sheet.

GPB—50,000—12-8-10

Serial No.

is the recognised practice for budget purposes! But the question may be separately taken up and considered along with the Comptroller's suggestions. If the general scheme of work be settled, it may be easy to cut down the expenditure on high paid Secretaries.

33 I shall soon send up another note for making some changes in the general system.

1563
27.5.12

27/5/12

27/5

G. Jan 36 [illegible]

N.C. 357 [illegible]
21. 5. 12.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Council Matter.

---

(34)

SUBJECT.

Budget Estimates of the Economic conference for 1912-13.

CIRCULATED TO COUNCILLORS.

By Order,

W. Irvine

21-5-1912.

Offg. Secretary to Government.

First Councillor.

Second Councillor.

G.R.S. 15]

Facing sheet for cases included in the schedule appended to Notification No. 36 of the 8th Aug. 1902.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Subject— Budget Estimates of the Economic Conference for 1912-13.

	Date	Initial of Officer himself or responsible Deputy.
Received in the Secretariat		
Submitted to Secretary		
Submitted by Secretary to Dewan or Councillor in charge		
Returned to Secretary		
Circulated by Secretary for Council		
Forwarded by Councillor		
Forwarded by Councillor		
Received in Secretariat		
Considered in Council		
Submitted to the Dewan		
Submitted to His Highness		
Orders passed by His Highness		
Final Orders issued		
Circulated to Councillors		
Passed on by the Councillor		
Returned to Secretary by Councillor		

GPB—3,000—19-4-10

(24

Submitted to His Highness.

I submit herewith the Budget estimates of the Economic Conference for 1912-13. The requisitions of the three Committees put together come up to Rs. 1,56,960. The Financial Secretary states that for casting the Budget, 21,000 may be taken as the grant, the balance being included in the list to be considered at the Budget time. He further states that if all establishment charges not absolutely necessary for the purposes of the Conference as a studying and advisory body be cut out, the estimate can be reduced to about Rs.57,000 retaining fair provision under all the useful heads. The First Councillor would allow Rs.76,850 and the Second Councillor would allow Rs. 1,35,000. The considerations on which these amounts are respectively based are explained in the notes of these officers.

2. The subject was very vehemently discussed at the last Birthday Conference, and out of 34 members who were present, 17 were in favour of the consolidated Budget Rs.1,56,960 being accepted and 4

4 were against - 13 did not vote either way. There was an amendment that the Budget as framed by the three Committees be submitted to the Government with the request that funds be provided as far as possible as entered therein, specially under the heads relating to the functions of the Conference as a studying, deliberative and advisory body, as contemplated in the order constituting the Committees. But this amendment was lost, because when 12 voted in favour of it, 15 voted against it, 7 not voting either way.

3. All things considered, it seems to me that including any portion of the grant for 1911-12 that may remain unexpended at the end of this month (i.e., June 1912), one lakh may be provided in the Provisional Budget for 1912-13, as suitable provision seems to be called for to give the Conference a fair trial.

4. In any case and whatever the final grant, the Chairmen of the 3 Committees will have to meet and revise their Budgets in conformity with the grant that might be finally sanctioned by Government. At present, there is an element of uncertainty owing to the advent of Mr. Chatterton not being decided yet.

15 June

(23

Record of Cases submitted for the Orders of His Highness the Maharaja

36/VOL XI

Subject.

Budget Estimates of the Economic Conference for the year 1912-13.

15.6.12
No 312.

(37)

46.
Returned with D.O. No 9
dt 4/5. 7.12.

Order.

PRIVATE SECRETARY MYSORE

The Palace, Mysore,

4th July 1912.

Dear Sir,

I am directed to return the accompanying two Files Nos.312 & 376 and to say that His Highness has carefully considered the conflicting opinions on the question of the amount of expenditure that may legitimately be incurred in promoting the objects of the Conference and agrees with you that it is the wisest policy to give the Conference a fair trial. His Highness would go even a step further and give the Conference a free hand at least for the ensuing year and see what it can achieve in the way of Educational, Agricultural and Industrial Development. Taking this view, His Highness has decided to sanction a Budget grant of Rs.1,46,000/- for the Conference including the provision of Rs.30000/- for Industrial Superintendents. These appointments should be for one year only. His Highness is confident that the Industrial and other Committees will make good use of the money allotted. The Conference should not incur any expenditure in excess of the Budget in financing industries or for other purposes without the special orders of Government in each case and in regard to the Agricultural Committee, it should be a standing instruction that any Scheme of the nature of an experiment should be carried out only through the Agricultural Department with the sanction of Government. His Highness looks to you as President to check any tendency on the part of the Committees to constitute themselves into Executive Departments of Government.

Yours Sincerely,

T. Ananda Row Esq., C.I.E.,

Dewan of Mysore, Bangalore.

General and Revenue Secretariat.

G.S. File No. ~~5737~~ 36 of 1911-12

Serial No.

(34) The detailed Budget of the Economics Conference is to issue from Bor V So these files may be sent there.

Le
12/7

Bor V

(40) Subd with a sft order

DM(104) Blue
15.7.12 Secy)

Bm
15-7-12

(41) ~~Note~~ [There is no provision in this budget for the pay of Mr. Chatterton, or of the motor car establishment to be allowed to him. In the G.O placing the car at his disposal, it has been stated that the heading from which that expendre should be met would be pointed out later on.]

Bm

~~Blue~~

Dewan

EB
16/7/12

(42) Rajahmundry

My impression is that Mr Chatterton's salary & TA are debitable to the Conference Budget

× No. G.108-13
G.S. No 36-11-167
of 8th July 1912
Re Cattle breeding

DM

2302
16.7.12

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—65,000—17-6-12.

General and Revenue Secretariat.

G. M. File No. 36 of 1911-12

Serial No.

The T.A will be kept dates as per consequence is given

17/Apl/12

13/

(43) Secn Ln drgs & then resubmit the file for order

No. Not provided for.

I believe Mr Chatterton's pay is not provided for in the Budget: & I am doubtful, if it is meant to be met from the Sanctioned allotment. Please verify & submit for Govt order being obtained

17/

17/ To the Govt Legl., Compr., Chairmen of the Committees, Offg in ch. of the Agrl Chemist's office, Rc G. 434-9 of 24.7.12 - Sanctions a Budget grant of Rs 1,46,000 for the Conference for 1912-13 & states that the Conference will have no authority to incur any expenditure in excess of the Budget grant without the special orders of Govt.

Resubmitted for Orders.

(44) VS. 41

25-7-1912. Secretary

25.7.12.

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GBB—20,000—20-1-12

R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. of 191

To Hon'ble
Mr. Kamaraja
Kindly arrange
to submit this
file to Hon'ble
Mr. Bhaktavatsalam
Hon'ble Minister
for Finance
Hon'ble Mr. Subbiah
Hon'ble Minister
for Industries
Hon'ble Mr. Chidambaram
Hon'ble Minister
for Public Works
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswami
Hon'ble Minister
for Revenue
Hon'ble Mr. Ramasubbu
Hon'ble Minister
for Prohibition
Hon'ble Mr. Ramakrishna
Hon'ble Minister
for Local Administration
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaiah
Hon'ble Minister
for Public Health
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Agriculture
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Co-operation
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Education
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Forests
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Labour
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Transport
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Tourism
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Welfare
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Youth Welfare
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Sports
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Culture
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Environment
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Energy
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Water Resources
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Housing
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Urban Development
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Rural Development
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Social Welfare
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Women's Welfare
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Children's Welfare
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Disaster Management
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Civil Supplies
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Consumer Affairs
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Information
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Publicity
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Tourism
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Culture
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Environment
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Energy
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Water Resources
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Housing
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Urban Development
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Rural Development
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Social Welfare
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Women's Welfare
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
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Hon'ble Minister
for Consumer Affairs
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Information
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Hon'ble Minister
for Publicity

1. The detailed Budget of the Economic Conference issued last year from Br V. This year also it was issued from that Branch; yesterday. So far as this Branch concerned only the lump provision of 1,46,000 will be shown in the Civil Budget Estimates.

2. The provisional sanctions have been communicated to the Heads of Departments & the ~~subsequent~~ amounts finally sanctioned will be known to them in the Budget order copies of which will be circulated to all HDs of Depts.

Yesterday, after seeing the Dewan, I wrote to the Supdt of the Press asking that the Budget order may be printed early. He ~~had~~ replied that the printed copies would be sent by to-day. His reply is put up for information.

Kli 25/7.

Dewan)
25/7/52

Hon'ble Mr. Kamaraja
Minister for Finance
Hon'ble Mr. Subbiah
Minister for Industries
Hon'ble Mr. Chidambaram
Minister for Public Works
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Minister for Revenue
Hon'ble Mr. Ramasubbu
Minister for Prohibition
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Minister for Sports
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Minister for Culture
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Minister for Environment
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Minister for Water Resources
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Minister for Housing
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Minister for Consumer Affairs
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Minister for Information
Hon'ble Mr. Ramaswamy
Minister for Publicity

25/7/52

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—65,000—17-6-12.

General and Revenue Secretariat.

G. M. File No. 36 of 1911-12

Serial No.

45 No provision has been made in the Budget for the Industrial Committee & the Conference for the pay & allowances of Mr Chatterton. A sum of about Rs 18000 (at the rate of R. 3000 a month) will be required to meet the pay & allowances of Mr Chatterton and his Establishment during the period of six months for which his services have been engaged.

46 Whether this amount will have to be met by reappropriation from the sanctioned ~~heads~~ items of the Budget, or whether it is to be treated as an additional grant to the Conference has to be determined.

47 As Mr Chatterton's services have been engaged for work under & in connection with the Conference, his pay & Contract should be debited to the ensuing State Budget.

23
27/7.

48 Bill for pay & allowances &c.

H Dis 129

23
27/7

Subs 49
Bbri 19
27/7/12 Mr Chatterton's pay etc

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GDB—20,000—20-1-12

General and Revenue Secretariat. | G. R. File No. 36 of 1911-12

Serial No.

is to be debited to the Economic Conference as he is attached to it & working there. If it is considered that the present grant to the Conference of 1,46,000 Rs is insufficient to meet this additional charge, ~~an additional~~ the Budget grant of the Conference has to be increased by an additional grant or by reappropriation from other heads (which latter can be done only after some months of the Current year have expired). It is however possible to hold that as the Conference Budget was prepared on a liberal scale, & has been passed without any curtailment and as the Conference was not able to spend the whole of the amount allotted last year (allowing a considerable portion to lapse) the present grant may not prove inadequate and a portion if not the whole of Mr Chatterton's pay etc could be possibly met by the grant now made.

50 For the present, therefore, it will be enough if Mr Chatterton's pay is debited to the Conference Budget (against the lump allotment). If later on, in the

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

[GPB—65,000—17-6-12.

Serial No.

129

721

Course of the year, it is found that the Conference ~~is~~ or ~~it~~ grant is Exceeded or is likely to be Exceeded, because of this, a reappropriation may be Effected from some other head for increasing the Conference grant—

Resd

Ptr V)

he 8/8/7

185 Letter No. 154 dated the 2/3.8.12 from the Govt. Secy ——— forwards copies of letters Nos 187 & 188 of 27th July 1912 from the Secretary to the Committee for Industries and Commerce requesting sanction to the Budget Estimate of the Special Advisers' Office for Industries and Commerce amounting to Rs 21,147/- for the year 1912-13 (6 months) as well as to the purchase of two typewriters at a cost of Rs 700/- and states that the above expenditure may be met from the provision of Rs 30,000 and the savings in the pay of the Secretary ~~—~~ owing to the temporary change of Secretaries.

(51) Subd for orders with refee to the Finl. Deptl note of 6.8.12 above

SM(104) 15.8.41

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

1 GPS—66,000—17-6-12.

R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. 36 of 1912

Serial No.

(52) Please put up draft orders sanctioning the proposals submitted by the Provl Govt which, so far as the manner of meeting the charges are concerned, are in accordance with the views of the Finance Secretary as described in his note dated 6/8/12.

hm 8/8/12

(53) Draft submd.
P. 114 8.8.12 VS. 41 Secretary

hm 9.8.12

2757 10-8-12

(54) Dewan

EB 9/8/12 hm

Draft approved

2 Should wish ipsa from the Fin Dept & save the trouble of reference from the Comptroller about "Contingencies"

13 Aug 12

Dewan.

2 The Finl Dept having agreed with the order proposed by the Comptr there will be no trouble. I believe

EB 12/8/12

May perhaps be communicated to Comptr. thro' Br II

hm

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

1 GPB—65,000—17-6-12.

R. S. 12]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

G. R. File No. 36 of 1911-12

Serial No.	
186.	To the Privt. Secy., E.C., Comptr. Thro' Br. II & Chairman, Industries & Commerce Committee, Re. G. 903-5-9/15-8/12—Accords sanction to the budget estimates of the Special Adviser refd. to in the above; also approves of the proposed purchase of 2 typewriters for the Special Adviser's office.

Rec'd 25/8

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

GPB—65,000—17-6-12.

No. 578 / E.C Encs. 5

4246
4828.

DIARY No.....

1911-1912
SECTION G.F
FILE No. 573-1
SERIAL No. 1

V
7-5-12

From

K.Subba Rau, Esq., B.A.,
Provisional Secretary to the
Mysore Economic Conference,
Bangalore.

To

D4828

G.M 36-11-1250

C.S.Balasundaram Iyer, Esq., B.A.,
Offg.Secretary to the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore, Genl. & Rev. Depts,
B a n g a l o r e.

MYSORE ECONOMIC CONFERENCE.

Bangalore, the 6th May *191* 2.

Sir,

With reference to your letter No.G.5250 dated 3rd April 1912 calling for the Budget Estimates of the Conference, I have the honor to forward herewith the Budget Estimates of the Conference for 1912-13.

2. A copy of the same has also been forwarded to the Comptroller to the Government of Mysore as desired in your letter referred to above.

I have the honor to be,
S i r,
Your most obedient servant,

K Subba Rau

Provisional Secretary.

Statement of Budget Estimate of the Mysore Economic Conference for 1912-13.

Particulars of items.	Genl. Conference.	Education Committee		Agricultural Committee		Committee for Industries & Commerce.		General Remarks.
	1912-13	1911-12.	1912-13.	1911-12	1912-13.	1911-12	1912-13.	
I Establishment.								For explanations regarding the increase of grants in the several heads of the respective Committees, please see the budget estimates of the Committees concerned attached herewith.
i.Pay & allowances of the Secretary.	600	6,600	6,600	3,600	4,200	8,400	8,400	
ii.Clerical & menial establishment.	1,020	1,116	1,332	1,440	2,100	1,600	1,896	
iii.Temporary establishment.	--	--	--	1,500	1,500	--	650	
Total Rs.	1,620	7,716	7,932	6,540	7,800	10,000	10,946	
II Travelling Allowances.-								
i.Members of the Conference.	2,000	--	--	--	--	---	---	
ii.Members of the Central Committees.	--	2,500	2,500	1,500	1,500	2,500	1,000	
iii.Secretaries of the Committees	--	1,500	1,500	700	700	1,200	800	
iv.Clerical & menial establishment.	200	1,000	1,000	350	1,200	800	500	
v.Temporary establishment.	--	--	--	--	--	--	150	
Total Rs.	2,200	5,000	5,000	2,550	3,400	4,500	2,450	
III.Special establishment								
i.Superintendents & staff for charge of 6 groups of industries.	--	--	--	--	--	--	30,000	

ii.Pay and allowances of an officer for Industri-al Survey.	--	--	--	--	--	--	5,600
iii.Clerical & menial establish-ment of the Industrial Survey.	--	--	--	--	--	--	498
iv.Travel-ling allow-ances of the officer of Industrial Survey.	--	--	--	--	--	--	1,000
v. Travelling allowances of the establish-ment of -do-	--	--	--	--	--	--	280
vi.Printing charges of the Indus-trial Survey	--	--	--	--	--	--	1,000
vii.Contin-~~gencies~~ sent charges of -do-	--	--	--	--	--	--	1,000
Total Rs.	--	--	--	--	--	--	39,377
IV.Contin-gencies.							
i.Purchase of books & journals	--	1,000	500	1,000	1,000	6,000	1,000
ii.Furni-ture.	--	500	200	300	300	1,000	500
iii.Printing charges.	500	500	500	500	1,500	1,000	2,500*
iv.Station-ery.	--	300	300	300	500	500	867
v.Office ex-penses & miscellane-ous.	400	300	300	275	500	500	2,200
vi.Honoraria for transla-tion	300	--	--	--	1,000	--	--
vii.Prepa-ration of bulletins, etc.,	-	-	-	-	1,000	--	--

* This includes the charges in connection with the preparation of bulletins & translation.

viii.Purchase of type-writer & duplicator.	400	400	--	400	--	400	500
ix.House rent & contribution towards the pay of the gardener	2,010	-	-	-	-	-	-
x.Charges for the electric lights	144	-	-	-	-	-	-
xi.Scavenging cess.	18	-	-	-	-	-	-
xii.Refreshment charges at the Conference meetings.	600	-	-	-	-	-	-
xiii.Clothing to servants including belts and bagges	-	-	-	-	100	-	-
Total Rs.	4,372	3,000	1,800	2,775	5,900	9,400	7,567
V Supplies & Services.							
i.Experiments	--	--	--	2,000	5,000	10,000	7,000
ii.Payment for expert opinion	-	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	6,000	6,000
iii.Seeds & implements	-	-	-	2,000	2,000	-	-
iv.Scholarships for training sons of ryots in agriculture, horticulture, and sericulture, etc.,	-	-	-	1,800	5,500	-	-
v.Grants to Agrcl.Associations & Co-ooperative Conferences.	-	-	-	2,500	2,000	-	-
vi.Charges for the maintenance of the Confeence Library	500	-	-	-	-	-	160
Total Rs.	500	1,000	1,000	9,300	15,500	16,000	13,160

VI. District Committees.							
i. Pay of a clerk on Rs.35 for each District (470 x 8)	3,560	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii. Travelling allowances of the clerk @ R$.100 for each district.	800	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii. Travelling allowances of the District Committee members. (1,000 x 8)	8,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv. Contingencies & small experiments. (480 x 8)	3,840	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total R$.	16,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII. Miscellaneous.							
Contribution towards the expenses of the General Conference.	-	300	4,500	450	5,000	750	1,500
Grand Total	24,192	17,016	20,232	21,615	37,600	40,650	75,000
Add or deduct for rounding	-32	-16	32	-115		-150	
Total	24,160	17,000	20,200	21,600	37,600	40,500	75,000
(Net amount required).	13,000		20,200		37,600		75,000
TOTAL							1,45,800

Out of the sum of R$. ~~24,000~~ 24,160 required for the general expenses of the Conference the 3 Committees put together have provided a sum of R$. 11,160 in their budget. Therefore to cover up the balance, a sum of R$. 13,000 have to be sanctioned by Government, irrespective of the budget estimates of the Committees.

K Mahadevan
Provisional Secretary,
Economic Conference.

Budget Estimate of the expenses of the General

Conference.

Items of expenditure	Estimate for 1912-13	Remarks
I Establishment.		
Allowances to the Provisional Secretary.	600	? May remain
ii. Establishment.- 1 clerk (45). 1 clerk (30), 1 attender (10)..	1,020	These items have been just approved by the Chairmen and President. Do.
Total	1,620	
II. Travelling Allowances.		
i. Members of the Conference ...	2,000	} May remain
ii. Establishment of the Provisional Secretary ...	200	
Total	2,200	
III. Contingencies.		
i. House rent & contribution towards the pay of the gardener @ 167-8-0 ...	2,010	
ii. Charges for the Rx electric lights ...	144	
iii. Scavenging cess	18	
iv. Translation charges	300	may remain
v. Printing	500	
vi. Purchase of typewriter	400	--- Sanctioned by the President.
vii. Refreshment charges	800	May remain at 400 Rs.
viii. Office expenses and miscellaneous	400	Do.
Total	Rs. 4,372	
IV. District Committees.		
i. Pay of a clerk on Rs. 35 for each District (420 x 8)	3,360	May remain at 25 Rs a clerk.
i. Travelling allowance to -do- (100 x 8)	800	May be reduced to 200 Rs.
iii. Travelling allowance to District Committee members @ 1,000 for each Dist	8,000	may be reduced as Suggested by Comptr.
iv. Contingencies & small experiments. .. .. @ 480 for each district	3,840	D. G. Kurbekar Provisional Secretary, Economic Conference.
Total	16,000	
Grand Total	24,192	
Add or deduct	-32	SHS
Total	Rs. 24,160	

24192 8640 15572

Budget Estimate of the Education Committee for 1912-13.

* revised proposal later on.

Items	Sanctioned Budget for 1911-12	Proposed budget for 1912-13	Remarks.
I. Salaries.			
Pay & Allowances of Secretary	6,600	6,600	May remain for the present. I shall probably reduce by+
ii. Clerical & menial establishment. 1 clerk (45), 1 (30), 1 peon (8) & 4 (7)	1,116	1,332	In consideration of the heavy work in the office and paucity of hands as compared with other Committees, an increase of Rs.5 for each clerk, an additional peon on Rs.7
		Do	
iii Temporary establishment	..	..	and an increase of Re.1 to peon on Rs.6 are proposed.
	7,716	7,932	
II Travelling allowance.			
i. members	2,500	2,500	May be reduced as suggested by Cr
ii Officer	1,500	1,500	Do
iii. Establishment	1,000	1,000	May be 250 Rs.
Total	5,000	5,000	
III Contingencies,			
i. Purchase of books, etc.,	1,000	500	
ii. Furniture	500	200	
iii. Printing charges	500	500	
iv. Office expenses	300	300	
v. Stationery	300	300	
vi. Purchase of typewriter	400	-	
Total	3,000	1,800	
IV Supplies & Services.			
i. Experiments			
ii. Payment for expert opinion	1,000	1,000	May be omitted as suggested by Cr. If payt needed Govt sanction will be taken.
Total	1,000	1,000	
V Miscellaneous.			
Contribution towards the expenses of the Conference	300	4,500	Do.
Grand Total	17,016	20,232	
Add or deduct for rounding	-16	-32	
	17,000	20,200	

Bangalore, 6-4-1912.

Sd.C.Krishna Row,
Secy.Education Committee.

'Copy'

Dy Provisional Secretary

Budget Estimate for 1912-13.

Agricultural Committee.

Items	Allotment for 1911-1912	Estimate for 1912-13	Remarks
I Establishment.			
Pay & allowances of Secretary (350)	3,600	4,200	The Increase is due to the Secretary's increment of Rs.50 falling due on the 18th June 1912. May remain for the present.
ii.Clerical establishment, 1 clerk (60), 1 clerk (40), 1 clerk (30).	900	1,560	The present scale of establishment is 1 clerk on Rs.50 & 1 clerk on Rs. 25. It is proposed to give them small increments of R$.10 & 5 respectively & to entertain an additional hand on R$.40 as the want of a 3rd hand is greatly felt on account of the increasing work of the Committee.These items have been passed by the Committee.
Menial establishment.- 1 attender (10), 5 peons (7)	540	540	Do - Do -
iii.Temporary establishment, 2 Sericultural Inspectors, 1 (30), 1 (35). 1 Lecturer on Co-operative movement (60)	1,500	1,500	The services of the two Sericultural Inspectors are necessary for the next year also & an increase of Rs.5 is proposed to the senior man, and it is passed by the Committee It was resolved by the Committee to have a lecturer on Co-operative movement as a tentative measure for 1 year on R$.60/ a month specially to explain the advantages of the movement to agriculturists.
Total	6,540	7,800	(Desirable to maintain perhaps a year or two or estt may be transferred to agrl. Deptt) as suggested by Compr.
II Travelling Allowances.			
i.Members of the Agricultural Committee.	1,500	1,500	
ii.Officer	700	700	

iii.Establishment	350	1,200	The increased provision is made to meet the travelling allowances of Sericultural Inspectors, the lecturer on the Co-operative movement who are required to be constantly touring about and also to meet the travelling allowances of the regular office staff. (See remark about Seed Inspector etc)
Total	2,550	3,400	
III.Contingencies.			
i.Books & journals	1,000	1,000	
ii.Furniture	300	300	
iii.Printing charges	500	1,500	There is a great deal of printing work like printing bulletins, leaflets, etc., monthly proceedings of the Committee, etc.,
iv.Preparation of bulletins etc.,		1,000	The Committee have resolved to issue a large number of bulletins, leaflets, etc., in English & Kannada on Agriculture, Sericulture & Co-operative movement, etc.,
v.Office expenses	275	500	The increase under this head is about Rs 225 & is necessary to meet tour charges & other sundry expenses of the office for the whole year.
vi.Honoraria for translation		1,000	as suggested by Co
vii.Stationery	300	500	The increased provision under this head is due to increase of work.
viii.Purchase of typewriter	400	-	
ix.Clothing to servants including belts & badges	-	100	
Total	2,775	5,900	

IV Supplies & Services.			
1.Experiments & demonstration purposes	2,000	5,000	The sum of Rs.5,000 is provided to enable the Committee to make experiment under jaggery manufacture without going to Government for sanction.
		Omit as suggested by Br	
ii.Expert opinion	1,000	1,000	Do
iii.Seeds. & Implements	2,000	2,000	Do
iv.Scholarships for training sons of ryots in Agriculture, Horticulture and Sericulture, etc.,	1,800	5,500	There are now a dozen students in the Lal Bagh. These will have to read for another year. During the next year 12 students may have to be admitted to the Lal Bagh or Hebbal Farm. In the Tata's Farm about 12 students will have to be trained. The scholarship of Rs.8 being too low has been increased to 10/-
		This may be omitted as suggested by Br but provn for agrl. School & Schps may be increased	
v.Grants to Agricultural Associations, Co-operative Conferences, etc.,	2,500	2,000	(may be retained) 2400 R may be retained at 2400 R
Total	9,300	15,500	
V Miscellaneous			
Contribution towards the expenses of the General Conference	450	5,000	This represents a third portion of the expenditure estimated to be incurred during the next year & includes the monthly recurring charges of establishment, house rent, Provisional Secretary's allowances etc., the expenses connected with the Sessions of the Conference such as refreshment charges & the like and the travelling allowances payable to the official & non-official members of the Conference.
		This shd be omitted altogether & provn for general expenses separately made.	
	21,615	37,600	
Add or deduct for rounding	-115		
Total	21,500	37,600	

Krishna
Secretary,
Std Agricultural Committee

BUDGET ESTIMATE OF THE INDUSTRIES AND COMMERCE COMMITTEE OF THE MYSORE ECONOMIC CONFERENCE FOR THE YEAR 1912-13.

Particulars.	Estimate for 1912-13 Per mensem Rs.	Estimate for 1912-13 Per annum. Rs.	Estimate for 1911-12. Rs.	Reference to explanatory remarks-note.
I. Committee establishment.				
1. Members.				
(i) Travelling allowance of Members.		1,000	2,500	1.
2. Office				
(i) Pay and allowance of Secretary.	700	8,400	8,400	
(ii) Travelling allowance of Secretary.		800	1,200	
3. Clerical and menial establishment.				
(i) Head Clerk (Rs.60), 2nd Clerk (Rs.40), 3rd Clerk (Rs.25), 1. Daffadar (Rs.9) & 3 peons @ Rs.8/- each.	158	1,896	1,600	2.
(ii) Travelling allowance of -do-		500	800	
4. Temporary establishment.				
(i) P a y		650	nil	
(ii) Travelling allowance		150	-	3.
		13,396	14,500	
II. Superintendents and staff for charge of six groups of industries.	2,500	30,000	nil	
III. Supplies and services.				
(i) Experiments.		7,000	10,000	
(ii) Payment for expert opinion		6,000	6,000	
(iii) Translations, preparation of bulletins including printing.		2,500	1,000	
(iv) Books and journals.		1,000	6,000	
		16,500	23,000	
IV. Special and miscellaneous.				
Industrial Survey.				
(i) Pay and allowance of an officer	800	For 7 months: 5,600		
Travelling allowance -do-		1,000		
(ii) Clerical and menial establishment - one clerk (Rs.30), 2nd Clerk (Rs.20) & 3 peons at - Rs.7 each	71	497		
Travelling allowance -do-	40	280		
(iii) P r i n t i n g		1,000		
(iv) Contingencies		1,000		
		9,377		
V. Contingencies.				
(i) Furniture		500	1,000	7.
(ii) Office contingencies		2,200	500	
(iii) Stationery		867	500	9.
(iv) Purchase of Typewriter and Duplicator		500	400	10.
(v) Committee's share of bungalow rent and other expenses common to the Committees.		1,500	750.	11.
(vi) Committee's share of Library expenses.		160	-	12.
		5,727	3,150	
Grand total		75,000	40,650-150.	

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as suggested by G

V. S. Sambasiva Rao

Secretary, Industries & Commerce Committ

R E M A R K S.

1. TRAVELLING ALLOWANCE OF MEMBERS.

Out of the provision of Rs. 2,000 in the Budget for 1911-12 for Travelling allowance to members, only Rs. 300 have been claimed up to date and the total for this year may not exceed Rs. 500 under this head. Hence a sum of Rs. 1,000 provided for 1912-13 is considered sufficient.

2. CLERICAL & MENIAL ESTABLISHMENT:-

An increment of Rs. 10 each is provided, that is, in the pay of the Head Clerk and the Second Clerk. An increase of Re. 1/- each is provided for the 4 peons so that they might provide their own dress and Re. 1/- more to one of them as Daffadar.

3. TEMPORARY ESTABLISHMENT:- (PAY).

This is a new item. Provision of Rs. 600 is made under this head to avoid obtaining Government sanction in the case of temporary clerical establishment urgently required for extra work during the preparation of bulletins, &c.,

4. SUPERINTENDENTS OF INDUSTRIES:--

This is a new item. Government has been moved to sanction this expenditure in this Office No. 649 dated the 28th March 1912.

5. BOOKS AND JOURNALS:--

Books valued at nearly Rs. 3,000 have already been purchased this year and some more will be added by the end of June next.

6. SPECIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS:--

This is a new item and has been sanctioned by Government. As it is proposed to begin the Survey work this year, provision is made only for 7 months in the next official year. The funds for this year will be met from the - savings in the current year's budget, with Government sanction.

7. F U R N I T U R E:--

This is required for purchase of furniture to the Officer employed on Industrial Survey and the six Superintendents.

8. OFFICE CONTINGENCIES.-

Rs. 2,200 has to be provided for unforeseen office contingencies including refreshments to members at Committee meetings.

G.R.S. 28]

15

G. M. File No. 36-11
Serial No. 179

4870/917

Diary No. of letter replied to

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.
( )

, *the* 19

Date of issue 24. 7-12

Signed by Mr K. R. Sreeninasiengar

READ—

Correspondence ending with letter No. 578 dated the 6th May 1912 from the Provisional Secretary Economic Conference submitting the budget estimates of the Conference for the year 1912-13

~~ORDER THEREON. No.~~

Order thereon No. G. 434-9
G.M. 36-11-179

The estimates received with the above letter read aggregate, as set forth in the accompanying ~~over.~~

SUBJECT.

GPB—10,000-29-9-10

Statement, Rs 1,46,524 [illegible],
Rs 24,692 for the General Conference,
Rs 15,732 for the Education Committee,
and Rs 32,500 for the Agricultural
Committee and Rs 73,500 for
the Committee for Industries
and Commerce.

Govt have given careful consideration with regard to the amount of expenditure that may legitimately be incurred in promoting the objects of the Conference and are pleased to sanction a Budget grant of Rs 1,46,000 for the Conference for the year 1912-13, including the provision of Rs 30,000 for the employment of the Industrial Supdts, proposed by the Committees for Industries and Commerce. These appointments are for one year only. The appts of these Supdts will be for one year only. Govt feel confident that the Industrial and other Committees will make good use of the money allotted

The Conference will not have no authority

G.R.S. 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(*Continuation Sheet draft form.*)

~~not~~ incur any expenditure in excess of the Budget grant in financing industries or for other purposes without the special orders of Govt. in each case ~~case~~. 3 In regard to the Agricultural Committee, it should be distinctly understood that any scheme of the nature of an experiment should be carried out only through the Agricultural sepdt with the sanction of Govt.

Print 223 16/7/12 Offg Secty.

15.7.12

To

The Provisional Secretary E. C.
" Comptroller to Govt
" Chairmen of the Committees of the Conference
" Officer in charge of the Agricultural Chemist's office

Copy to BR. ID

GPB—10,000—22-2-11

15.7.12

29/)

Budget Estimates of the Mysore Economic Conference for the year 1912-13.

(18)

No.	Particulars of Items	2. General Conference Rs	3. Education Committee Rs	4. Agricultural Committee Rs	5. Committee for Industries and Commerce Rs	6. General Remarks.
I	**Establishment**					
	1. Pay and Allowances of the Secretary	600	6600	4200	8400	
	2. Clerical and menial Estts	1020	1332	2100	1896	
	3. Temporary Establishment			1500	650	
	Total	1620	7932	7800	10946	Total of Cols. 2,3,4+5 } 28,298.
II	**Travelling Allowances**					
	1. Members of the Conference	2000	-			
	2. Members of the Central Committees	..	2500.	1500	1000	
	3. Secretaries of the Committees	..	1500	700	800	
	4. Clerical and menial Estts.	200	1000	1200	500	
	5. Temporary Establishment	..	..	..	150	
	Total	2200	5000	3400	2450.	Total of Cols. 2,3,4+5. } 13,050
III	**Special Establishment**					
	1. Supdts. and staff for charge of 6 groups of industries	..	..	..	30,000	
	2. Pay and allowances of an officer for Industrial Survey.	.	.	.	5600	
	3. Clerical and menial Estts. of the Industrial Survey.	..	..	..	497	
	4. Travelling allowances of the Officer of Industrial Survey.	..	..	..	1000	
	5. Travelling allowances of the Estt			..	280	

No.	Particulars of Items	2 General Conference	3 Education Committee	4 Agricultural Committee	5 Committee for Industries and Commerce	6. General Remarks
				Brought forward	37,377	
	6. Printing charges of the Industrial Survey.	..	..	..	0000	
	7. Contingent charges of the Industrial Survey.	..	..	..	1000	
	Total	..	..	..	39,377	
IV	Contingencies					
	1. Purchase of books and journals	..	500	1000	1000	
	2. Furniture	..	200	300	500	
	3. Printing charges	500	500	1500	2500*	* This includes the charges in connection with the preparation of bulletins and translation.
	4. Stationary	..	300	500	867.	
	5. Office expenses and miscellaneous	400	300	500	2200	
	6. Honoraria for translation	300	..	1000	..	
	7. Preparation of bulletins &c	..	..	1000	..	
	8. Purchase of typewriter and duplicator	400	..	..	500	
	9. House rent and contribution towards the pay of the gardener	2010	..	..	..	
	10. Charges for electric lights	144	..	..	..	
	11. Scavenging cess	18	..	..	..	
	12. Refreshment charges during the conference meetings	600	..	..	..	
	13. Clothing to servants including belts and badges.	..	..	100	..	
	Total	4972	1800	5900	7567.	Total of Cols. 2,3,4+5 } 19,639
V	Supplies and Services					
	1. Experiments	..	..	5000	7000	
	2. Payment for expert opinion	..	1000	1000	6000	
	3. Seeds and implements	..	..	2000		

No.	1. Particulars of Items	2. General Conference	3. Education Committee	4. Agricultural Committee	5. Committee for Industries and Commerce	6. General Remarks.
	Brought forward	1000	8000	13,000		
4.	Scholarships for training sons of ryots in agriculture, horticulture sericulture &c.	..	..	5500	..	
5.	Grants to Agricultural Associations and Cooperative Conferences	..	..	2000	..	
6.	Charges for the maintenance of the Conference Library	500	..	..	160	
7.*	Purchase of an Oil-engine and pump.	..	..	..	..	* This item may be omitted as there is no provision therefor under.
	Total	500	1000	15500	13160.	Total of Cols. 2,3,4 & 5 } 30,160
VI	District Committees					
1.	Pay of a Clerk on Rs 35/- for each Distt (420 x 8)	3360	..	..	..	
2.	Travelling allowances of the Clerk at Rs 100/- for each Distt.	800	..	..	..	
3.	Travelling allowances of Members of the Distt. Committees (1000 x 8)	8000	..	..	..	
4.	Contingencies and small experiments (480 x 8)	3840	..	..	..	
	Total	16,000	..	..	..	
VII	Miscellaneous					
	Contribution towards the expenses of the General Conference	..	4500	5000	1500	
	Grand Total	24,692	20,232	37,600	75,000	
	Total amount for the General Conference and all the three Committees.	1,57,524				
	Deduct amount contributed towards the expenses of the Confce	11,000				

READ—

Correspondence ending with letter No. 578, dated the 6th May 1912, from the Provisional Secretary, Economic Conference, submitting the budget estimates of the Conference for the year 1912-13.

No. G. 434-9—G. M. 36-11-179, DATED BANGALORE, 24TH JULY 1912.

ORDER THEREON.—The estimates received with the letter read above aggregate, as set forth in the accompanying statement, Rs. 1,46,524 comprising Rs. 24,692 for the General Conference, Rs. 15,732 for the Education Committee, Rs. 32,600 for the Agricultural Committee and Rs. 73,500 for the Committee for Industries and Commerce.

2. Government have given careful consideration to the amount of expenditure that may legitimately be incurred in promoting the objects of the Conference and are pleased to sanction a budget grant of Rs. 1,46,000 for the Conference for the year 1912-13.

3. The Conference will have no authority to incur any expenditure in excess of the budget grant in financing industries or for other purposes without the special orders of Government in each case.

4. In regard to the Agricultural Committee, it should be distinctly understood that any scheme of the nature of an experiment should be carried out only through the Agricultural Department with the sanction of Government.

K. R. SRINIVASIENGAR,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Provisional Secretary, Economic Conference.
The Comptroller, Mysore Government.
The Chairmen of the Committees of the Conference.
The Officer in charge of the Agricultural Chemist's Office.

Exd.—C. R.

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore,

Budget estimates of the Mysore Economic Conference for the year 1912-13.

No.	Particulars of items	General Conference	Education Committee	Agricultural Committee	Committee for Industries and Commerce	General remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
I	Establishment—					
	1 Pay and allowances of the Secretary...	600	6,600	4,200	8,400	
	2 Clerical and menial establishments ...	1,020	1,332	2,100	1,896	
	3 Temporary establishment... ...	...	...	1,500	650	
	Total ...	1,620	7,932	7,800	10,946	Total of columns 3, 4, 5 and 6. Rs. 28,298
II	Travelling allowances—					
	1 Members of the Conference ...	2,000	...	...	...	
	2 Members of the Central Committees...	...	2,500	1,500	1,000	
	3 Secretaries of the Committees ...	...	1,500	700	800	
	4 Clerical and menial establishments ...	200	1,000	1,200	500	
	5 Temporary establishment... ...	...	...	...	150	
	Total ...	2,200	5,000	3,400	2,450	Total of columns 3, 4, 5 and 6. Rs. 13,050.
III	Special establishment—					
	1 Superintendents and staff for charge of six groups of industries ...	...	...	...	30,000	
	2 Pay and allowances of an officer for Industrial Survey	...	...	...	5,600	
	3 Clerical and menial establishments of the Industrial Survey	...	...	...	497	
	4 Travelling allowances of the officer of Industrial Survey	...	...	...	1,000	
	5 Travelling allowances of the establishment of Industrial Survey ...	...	...	...	280	
	6 Printing charges of the Industrial Survey	...	...	...	1,000	
	7 Contingent charges of the Industrial Survey	...	...	...	1,000	
	Total ...	...	...	...	39,377	
IV	Contingencies—					
	1 Purchase of books and journals ...	...	500	1,000	1,000	
	2 Furniture	...	200	300	500	
	3 Printing charges	500	500	1,500	2,500*	*This includes the charges in connection with the preparation of bulletins and translation.
	4 Stationery	..	300	500	867	
	5 Office expenses and miscellaneous ...	400	300	500	2,200	
	6 Honoraria for translation	300	...	1,000	...	
	7 Preparation of bulletins	...	...	1,000	...	
	8 Purchase of typewriter and duplicator	400	...	...	500	
	9 House rent and contribution towards the pay of the gardener	2,010	...	...	...	
	10 Charges for electric lights... ...	144	...	...	...	
	11 Scavenging cess	18	...	...	...	
	12 Refreshment charges during the Conference Meetings	600	...	...	...	
	13 Clothing to servants including belts and badges	...	...	100	...	
	Total ...	4,372	1,800	5,900	7,567	Total of columns 3, 4, 5 and 6, Rs. 19,639.
V	Supplies and Services—					
	1 Experiments	...	...	5,000	7,000	
	2 Payment for expert opinion ...	...	1,000	1,000	6,000	
	3 Seeds and implements	...	...	2,000	...	
	4 Scholarships for training sons of raiyats in Agriculture, Horticulture, Sericulture, etc.	...	...	5,500	...	
	5 Grants to Agricultural Associations and Co-operative Conferences ...	...	...	2,000	...	
	6 Charges for the maintenance of the Conference Library	500	...	...	160	
	Total ...	500	1,000	15,500	13,160	Total of columns 3, 4, 5 and 6. Rs. 30,160.

General Miscellaneous, dated 24th July 1912.

Budget estimate of the Mysore Economic Conference for the year 1912-13—*concld.*

No.	Particulars of items	General Conference	Education Committee	Agricultural Committee	Committee for Industries and Commerce	General remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
VI	District Committees—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
	1 Pay of a clerk on Rs. 35 for each district (420×8)	3,360	...	...	...	
	2 Travelling allowances of the clerk at Rs. 100 for each district	800	...	...	...	
	3 Travelling allowances of the members of the District Committees (Rs. 1,000 ×8)...	8,000	...	...	...	
	4 Contingencies and small experiments (Rs. 480×8)	3,840	...	...	...	
	Total ...	16,000	...	...	...	
VII	Miscellaneous—					
	Contribution towards the expenses of the General Conference	...	4,500	5,000	1,500	
	Grand Total ...	24,892	20,232	37,600	75,000	Total of columns 3, 4, 5 and 6. Rs. 1,57,524.

Abstract.

Total amount for the General Conference and all the three Committees Rs. 1,57,524.

Deduct amount contributed towards the expenses of the Conference by the Committees Rs. 11,000.

Net amount sanctioned Rs. 1.46.524 or 1,46,000 in round numbers.

1912-13

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS
THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

GENERAL MISCELLANEOUS

PROCEEDINGS

Dated 24th July 1912

No. G. 434-9
G. M. 36-11-179

Sanctions a budget grant of Rs. 1,46,000 for the Economic Conference for the year 1912-13, with certain observations.

GPB—14-8-12—400

No. 154 E.C. Encs. 5

From K.Subba Rau, Esq., B.A.,
Provisional Secretary to the
Mysore Economic Conference,
Bangalore.

To

K.R.Srinivasa Iyengar, Esq., M.A.,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of His Highness
the Maharaja of Mysore, Gen. & Rev. Departments,
B a n g a l o r e.

MYSORE ECONOMIC CONFERENCE.

Bangalore, the 2nd August *191* 2.

3

Sir,

I am directed to submit herewith for the early sanction of Government copies of letters No. 187 and 188, dated 27th July 1912, (with copies of enclosures) from the Secretary to the Committee for Industries & Commerce, requesting sanction to the Budget Estimate of the Special Adviser for Industries & Commerce, amounting to Rs.21,147/- for the year 1912-13 (for six months) and to the purchase of two typewriters at a cost of Rs.700/- included in the above budget.

2. I am to add that at present this expenditure may be met out of Rs.30,000/- provided in the Budget Estimate of the Committee for Industries & Commerce for 1912-13 under "III special establishment, 1 Superintendents & staff for charge of six groups of industries" and the savings in the pay of the Secretary owing to the temporary change of Secretaries.

I have the honor to be,

S i r,

Your most obedient servant,

K Subba Rau

Provisional Secretary.

(32)

Copy of letter No.187 dated 27th July 1912, from the Secretary Committee for Industries & Commerce, Mysore Economic Conference, to the ~~Provisional~~ Provisional Secretary, Mysore Economic Conference

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In forwarding herewith copy of letter No.26 dated the 26th Instant, from the Special Adviser for Industries & Commerce to the Chairman of this Committee, requesting that the sanction of Government be obtained to the purchase of two typewriters costing Rs.700/- for the use of his office, I am directed to request you will be so good as to obtain the early orders of the President for submission to Government. The matter may kindly be treated as urgent.

==========

"COPY"

Provisional Secretary.

Copy of letter No.26 dated the 26th July 1912 from the Special Adviser for Industries and Commerce to the Chairman of the Industries & Commerce Committee, Mysore Economic Conference, Bangalore.

- - - - - - - - -

I have the honor to request that you will be so good as to obtain the early sanction of Government for the purchase of two typewriting machines for the use of my office at a cost of about Rs.700. One is intended for camp use and will only be purchased if I find it necessary

---

"COPY"

Sd.C.Ranganatha Rao/ Sahib,
Secretary,
Committee for Industries & Commerce.

"COPY"

provisional Secretary.

(24

Copy of letter No.188/I.C.C. dated 27th July 1912, from the Secretary, Committee for Industries & Commerce, to the Provisional Secretary, Mysore Economic Conference, Bangalore.

In forwarding copy of letter No.31 dated 26th July 1912 from the Special Adviser for Industries & Commerce, to the Chairman of this Committee, requesting him to obtain the sanction of Government to the Budget Estimates of his office amounting to Rs.21,147, I am directed to request you will be so good as to obtain the orders of the President for submission to Government for sanction of the budget of the office of the Special Adviser for Industries & Commerce for 1912-13 (six months). The matter may kindly be treated as urgent.

"COPY"

K Subba Rao

Provisional Secretary.

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Copy of letter No.31 dated the 26th July 1912 from the Special Adviser for Industries & Commerce to the Chairman, Committee for Industries & Commerce, Mysore Economic Conference, B a n g a l o r e.

- - - - - - -

I have the honor to forward herewith the Budget Estimates of my office for the current year (only 6 months) and to request the favor of obtaining the sanction of Government at your earliest c o n v e n i e n c e.

- - - - - - -

"True Copy"

Sd.C.Ranganatha Rao Sahib,
Secretary,
Industries & Commerce Committee.

"COPY"

Provisional Secretary.

EJ

Budget estimate for the Office of the Special Adviser for Industries and Commerce, for the year 1912-13. (Six months).

Sl. No.	Items.	Amount	Remarks.
1.	(1). Pay & Allowance of the Special Adviser	Rs.15,000	
	(2). Contribution towards leave & pension allowance, @ Rs.362-8-0 per mensem.	2,175	
	(3). Manager (100), 1 clerk (50-75) and 1 clerk (30). Menials Peons (4) at 8-	1,230	
		Rs. 18,597	
II.	Travelling Allowances.		
	(1) Special Adviser	1,000	
	(2) Establishment	300	
		1,300	
III	Contingencies.		
	(1) Office contingencies	250	
	(2) Stationery	300	
	(3) Purchase of type-writers.	700	
		1,250	
	Total Rs.	21,147	

Sd.Alfred Chatterton,
Special Adviser for Industries & Commerce.

"COPY"

Provisional Secretary.

G.C.S. 28.]

36-11

File No. ~~55-12~~

Serial No. 186.

Diary No. of letter replied to

Proceedings of the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

( )

× Papers under disposal.

, the 19

Date of issue 15/8/12

Signed by Mr B. Ramaswamiya

READ—

Letter No. 154 dated the 2nd Aug. 1912 from the Provisional Secy to the Economic Conference submitting ~~for the sanction of Govt~~ the budget estimates of the Office of the Special Adviser for Industries & Commerce amounting to Rs 21,147 for six months in the current year and ~~requesting~~ soliciting the sanction of Govt to the same as well as to the purchase of two typewriters at a cost of Rs 700 provided for therein & stating that the total expenditure may not exceed Rs 21,847 from P.T. over

ORDER THEREON—...

SUBJECT.

GPB—10,000—9-12-09

misc-5 cases
14/8/12

provided in the Budget-Estimates of the Conference for 1912-13 sanctioned in G.O. No. G-434-9-G-M-36-11-179 × H. H dated the 24th July 1912 on account of "Special Staff — Superintendents & Staff for charge of six Groups of Industries" under the Committee for Industrial Conference, and from the savings out of the provision for the pay of the Secretary to that Committee.

—

Order thereon No. G. 903-52-15/8/12.
G.M-36-11-186

Sanction is accorded to the following budget estimate of the Office of the Special Adviser for Industries & Commerce, the expenditure being debited to the sanctioned budget grants pointed out above: —

I (1) Pay & allowance of the Spl. Adviser - Rs 15000

(2) Contribution towards leave & pension allowance at Rs 362-8-0 per mensem - 2175

(3) Manager (100), 1 Clerk (50-75) & 1 Clerk (30) 1230

Menials Peons (4) at Rs 8. 192

Total 18,597

G.R.S. 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

(Continuation sheet draft form.)

II Travelling Allowances

	Rs
(1) Special Advisers	1000
(2) Establishment	300
	1300

III Contingencies

(1) Office Contingencies	250
(2) Stationery	300
(3) Purchase of two typewriters	700
	1250

Total — Rs 21,147

2. The proposed purchase for the Special Advisers' Office of two typewriters at a cost of Rs 700 is also approved.

Print (if necessary)?

Offg. Secy to Govt.

To

The Provincial Secy, Ec. Conference.

The Comptroller to Govt.

The Chairman of the Committee for Industries & Commerce.

Copy to Branch II